### Oadhafi arrives in Tunis

TUNIS, Jan. 23 (R) - Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi arrived unannounced today at Monastir Airport. 130 km south of here. from Algeria. He was greeted by the local governor, Mansour Skhiri, and shortly after his arrival he went to a nearby hotel for lunch. It appeared that his arrival surprised politicians and diplomats in Tunis. President Habib Bourguiba is in the United States for medical treatment and Prime Minister Mohammad Mzali is touring the Gabes area in southern Tunisia.

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### George Schultz calls on Qasem

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) — Former Secretary of the U.S. Treasury, and president of Bechtel International Corporation, George Schultz called on Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem here today. They exchanged views on developments in the Middle East and their impact on world peace. Mr. Schultz is currently on a visit to Jordan in the course of a tour of Middle Eastern countries.

### Soviet envoy blasts U.S. Mideast policy

BEIRUT, Jan. 23 (A.P.) — Soviet international affairs expert Karen N. Brutents today assailed U.S. policies on the Middle East and denied his country was involved in recent developments in Poland, according to a Lebanese newspaper. Mr. Brutents, here on an official visit at the head of Soviet delegation, holds an administrative position as deputy chief of International Department of the Soviet Communist Party Central Committee. He has also visited Jordan and Syria as part of a fact-finding tour of the area.

### Iraq, Vietnam conclude talks

BANGKOK, Thailand, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - Iraq Vice-President Taha Mohieddin Ma'arouf yesterday ended a four-day official visit to Vietnam, which resulted in pledges to diversify their economic relations and an expression of support for the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). the Vietnam News Agency (VNA) reported today. A joint communique said that the Vietnamese Foreign Minister and the foreign trade minister discussed with Iraqi trade minister Hassan Ali measures "to promote relations between the two countries and the Non-Aligned Movement," VNA reported. Both countries reiterated their "full support" for the PLO and "strongly condemned" Israeli occupation of Jerusalem and annexation of Syria's Golan Heights.

### 2 Protestants shot in N. Ireland

BELFAST, Jan. 23 (A.P.) — A 46-year-old Belfast shipyard worker, one of his two sons and the family pet dog were shot to death by gunmen who burst into their home early this morning, police said. They said Robert Mitchell and his 21year-old son, also called Robert, died instantly after two gunmen forced their way into the house in east Belfast. The older Mitchell, who is separated from his wife, was killed as he slept alone in an upstairs bedroom. His unemployed son was shot in a downstairs room. Police said both men were Protestonts.

### Cuba, Kuwait hold talks

KUWAFF, Jan. 23 (A.P.) -Visting Cuban foreign Under-Secretary Jose Linars conferred today with his Kuwziti counterpart, Abdul Aziz Al Rashed, on issues of interest to the Non-Aligned Movement. Government sources said these included the situation in the Gulf, the Iraq-Iran war and the latest developments in the Middle East sin:ation. The two men also d cussed preparations for a meeting due to be held in Kuwait April 6 of foreign ministers of the 36 Non-Aligned states on the Palestine question, the sources added. Mr. Linars arrived Thuraday for an official visit. Both Kuwait and Cuba are active members in the Non-Aligned Movement

## Foreign ministers again postpone meeting until Feb. 7

TUNIS, Jan. 23 (A.P.) — A meering of Arab League foreign ministers to discuss Israel's annexation of the Syrian Golan Heights has been further postpoued until Feb. 7, league sources said

The meeting was scheduled to begin tomorrow but then was delayed until Tuesday for "practical reasons," the sources said. They said prior commitments made a Sunday arrival impossible for some of the foreign ministers in the 22-member league.

The further two-week delay was requested by Syria, the sources said, because of the United Nations discussion Thursday on the Golan Heights issue.

The meeting of the Arab League foreign ministers was requested by Syria and originally scheduled for Dec. 27. It was delayed last month until after the U.N. Security Council had concluded its debate on the subject.

Earlier, an official Syrian source told the Associated Press Syria asked for the Arab League meeting to be put off to give Arab foreign ministers time to take up the Golan issue Thursday at the United Nations General Assembly.

"Also, the postponement req-uest is in consideration of the importance of the subjects to be considered at the foreign ministers' conference," said the official, who refused to be identified in keeping with government policy.

Annexation of the Golan Heights is to be the top item at the league meeting in the Tunisian capital, Tunis, as it is at Thursday's session of the General Assembly. Syria and Jordan requested the assembly meeting following the

DAMASCUS, Jan. 23 (A.P.) -

Lebanese Foreign Minister Fuad

Butros and his Syrian counterpart,

Abdul Halim Khaddam, opened

talks here today to discuss col-

lective Arab measures to deal with

South Lebanon and other current

Middle East issues, according to

The sources said the talks will

also aim at coordinating views

before a meeting of Arab foreign

ministers in Tunis, which was sch-

eduled to be held on Tuesday then

The sources, who declined to be

identified, said the talks will focus

mainly on the Arab collective str-

ategy on southern Lebanon by an

Arab-subcommittee which was

formed last week. The committee

includes, Syria, Iraq, Jordan, the

Palestine Liberation Org-

anisation, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia.

Lebanon and Secretary-General

of the Arab League Chadli Klibi.

The committee is scheduled to

meet sometime in February to

map out a strategy of action in the

postponed until next month.

official sources here.

American veto at the Security Council last Wednesday,

Soviets to visit Syria

The leftist Beirut newspaper As-Safir, meanwhile, quoted unnamed Arab diplomatic sources in the Lebanese capital as saying a high ranking Soviet military delegation will visit Damascus "very soon" and will be headed by Chief of Staff Marshal Nicolai V. Ogarkov, who also serves as first deputy defence minister.

As-Safir, which is usually well informed on Syrian affairs, said arrangements for Marshal Ogarkov's impending visit were worked out during talks Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam held in Moscow last week.

Marshal Ogarkov sat in on Mr. Khaddam's talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko and a joint communique said the discussions centred on "the grave situation and tension in the Middle East" arising from the Golan annexation which the communique described as "a serious threat to peace and security in the region and the world."

The communique said the two

sides "reached an identity of views on the need to confront the serious developments in this part of the, and condemned "the American-Israeli designs in the region which are aimed at imposing American hegemony in the Middle East and encouraging Israeli expansion against the Arabs." Mr. Khaddam's Moscow visit fuelled speculation that sizeable

Butros, Khaddam open talks

event of an Israeli attack on sou-

them Lebanon and means of app-

lying pressure on Israel to refrain

from further attacks on Pal-

estinian bases in the Lebanese

A decision to set up the com-

mittee was announced in a res-

olution at the previous Arab

summit in Fez, Morocco, in Nov-

ember, the only resolution passed

BEIRUT, Jan. 23 (A.P.) — Ski-

rmishes between the pro-Iranian

Amal militia and the Baath Party

in Lebanon left two militiamen

dead while fighting between Amal

and the Lebanese Communist

Party resumed in a southern Leb-

anese village, according to pro-

identified in compliance with gov-

emment rules, said unidentified

gunmen opened fire on a car car-

rying three members of the Baath

The sources who declined to be

vincial sources today.

Clashes resume in Lebanon



His Majesty King Hussein is seen off at Amman Airport by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and senior government officials and army officers before the King's departure to Bahrain Saturday (Petra photo)

## 'Ron' writes to 'Menachem' 'friendliest-ever' message

TEL AVIV. Jan. 23 (A.P.) — President Ronald Reagan sent Prime Minister Menachem Begin a "friendly message" this week "thanking Israel for its support of the Palestinian autonomy talks," the prime minister's spokesman said

The message also expressed the hope that the talks will gain new impetus with the expected return of Secretary of State Alexander Haig to the Middle East in the next few days, Spokesman Uri Porat said.

The letter was addressed to "my dear Menachem" and signed 'Ron" adding to what officials close to Mr. Begin called the friendliest note they ever saw from a U.S. president to an Israeli prime minister, Israel Radio reported.

Relations between the United States and Israel cooled when Israel extended Israeli law to the occupied Syrian Golan Heights. As a result of that move the Reanew arms supplies from the Soviet Union to Syria were in the works. gan administration suspended a

before the suspension of the sum-

Lebanese Ambassador to the

United Nations Ghassan Tueni in

a television interview yesterday

said the strategy was not meant a

a declaration of war but rather as a

means of ensuring that U.N. res-

olution are respected and an att-

empt to restore Lebanese sov

ereignty up to the internationally

Party in the southern Lebanese

village of Nabativeh, killing one

occupant and wounding the other

Later, according to the same

Clashes between Amal and the

sources, a member of Amal was

Organisation of Communist Act-

ion in Lebanon (OCAL) earlier

this month claimed 15 lives. The

street fighting was brought to an

end by the intervention of Syrian

peacekeeping forces in Lebanon.

shot in Nabatiyeh.

recognised border with Israel.

mit five hours after it opened.

recently signed strategic cooperation agreement with Israel. Israeli officials have however reportedly expressed appreciation of this week's U.S. decision to veto

sanctions voted against Israel in

the United Nations Security Cou-

Interviewed by Israel Radio. U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations Jeane Kirkpatrick compared the United States' isolation in the Security Council sanctions vote to Israel's own frequent iso-

lation in the U.N. body.

the Security Council when members voted in favour of imposing economic and diplomatic sanctions against Israel for its month-old annexation of the Golan Heights. However the U.S. blocked the sanctions by virtue of its veto power.

The U.S. was outvoted 9-1 in

While Mrs. Kirkpatrick did not support the extension of Israeli law to the Golan Heights she told Israel Radio "we recognise that each of our allies (including Israel) has the right to independent dec-

## Jordan, Bahrain call on Arabs to close ranks

MANAMA, Jan. 23 (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein held solidarity talks tonight with Emir of Bahrain Sheikh Issa Ibn Salman

The Jordanian delegation accompanying the King and a senior Bahraini delegation attended the meeting. Both sides reviewed developments in the Middle East and the

Arab state of affairs and their impact on the region as a whole. Both stressed the need to overcome current Arab differences to confront, with a unified Arab stand, all challenges and dangers facing the Arab Nation.

The King, who arrived in Manama this afternoon is accompanied by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi. Court Minister Amer Khammash and Commanderin-Chief of the Jordanian Armed Forces Lt. Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn

During the talks, the King asserted to Sheikh Issa Jordan's strong denunciation of the Iranian attempt to destabilise Bahrain, and the

Jordanian people's firm stand in supporting their Bahraini brothers. He also stressed that only a pan-Arab stand can deter enemies of the Arab Nation from further aggression and onslaughts. The Bahraini side to the talks was represented by Prime Minister Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Salman Al Khalifa, Heir-apparent Sheikh Hamad Ibn Issa Al Khalifa, Minister of Interior Mohammad Ibn

Khalifa, the acting foreign minister. Minister of Industry and Development Yousef Shirawi, Chief of Staff Brig. Khalifa Ibn Hamad Al Khalifa and Bahrain Ambassador to Jordan Abdul Aziz Al Hassan. The two sides also discussed bilateral relations between the two fraternal countries in all fields.

Earlier today the King toured the dry dock south of the town of Al Had and was briefed by Bahraini officials on the ship-maintenance and ship-building operations carried out at the dock. He was accompanied on the visit by Sheikh Hamad and other senior gov-

## Defence minister denies kingdom seeks nuclear weapons

## Saudi Arabia stresses will to fight for Arabs

RIYADH, Jan. 23 (A.P.) — Saudi Arabia, which earns more than Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz declared today.

"The kingdom does not intend to use nuclear energy for military purposes, because this entails more dangers than blessings," Prince Sultan told the Saudi newspaper Al Jazirah in an interview.

He said that the kingdom will employ nuclear energy merely for peaceful purposes," including economic and agricultural pro-

In this connection, said Prince Sultan, Saudi Arabia will obtain the most- up-to-date equipment in the world.

Prince Sultan was reaffirming the kingdom's commitment to the defence of the Gulf region against external threat, under-scoring Riyadh's readiness to send its. armed forces to any Arab country in the event of a foreign menace.

The current cooperation between the kingdom and Pakistan does not include nuclear energy." said Prince Sultan, "The Pakistanis themselves are not exerting efforts to produce nuclear weapons. Rather, they are employing nuclear energy for economic development purposes.

Prince Sultan's reference to nuclear weaponry was an apparent response to speculation that the Canadian Energy Minister Marc Lalonde, was to discuss a nuclear energy cooperation deal during a scheduled visit to the kingdom next week.

BEIRUT, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - For-

mer Iranian Prime Minister Sha-

hpour Bakhtiar was quoted today

as saving that Iran's spiritual lea-

Mr. Bakhtiar, now living in exile

carried by the Kuwaiti News Age-

before the revolution, said Aya-

brought on the war." He added

the spiritual leader feared that if

the army were not preoccupied

with the war "it would return to

Tehran and topple the (Kho-

The former premier also cha-

rged Avatollah Khomeini had sent

meini) regime."

to a Kuwaiti newspaper.

Mr. Lalonde visited Egypt last week where he and Egyptian For-\$100 billion annually from its oil eign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali sales, will not produce nuclear issued a joint statement on cooweapons, Defence Minister Prince peration in the field of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes. The statement said that Canada

was to sell nuclear reactors, technology, uranium and heavy water to Egypt.

Prince Sultan told Al Jazirah that the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) defence ministers conference, scheduled for Monday in the Saudi capital, will discuss military cooperation among the six member states. The GCC. launched last May,

unites Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates, Bahrain, Qatar and Oman in an economic coordination and collective defence pact.

The defence ministers, said Prince Sultan, will discuss coordination in military training, exchange of cadets for military education and "explore a combined strategy capable of rendering the Gulf countries self-sufficient (militarily) with a view to ensuring stability and security in a normal

He revealed that a joint GCC commission has visited Oman and studied ways of upgrading the Sultanate's defence and economic development capabilities.

The commission was to submit a report on that score to the GCC defence ministers conference, he

Alluding to "the recent Iranian subversion conspiracy against Bahrain," the paper quoted Prince Sultan as saying that the plot

### Prince Sultan

has impelled the Gulf states to firm up cooperation and cohesion plans "with a view to putting a limit to such (conspiracy) mat-

Prince Sultan said that breaking off diplomatic and trade ties with Iran, in line with an Iraqi behest, was a question "to be decided only by an Arab summit conference and by the Arab foreign ministers together."

He said the kingdom would abide by any Arab decision that supports "the efforts of an Arab state (Iraq) in its quest to regain its territorial rights.

Saudi Arabia has stepped up its verbal attacks on the Iranian regime of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini after last month's abortive coup against Bahrain.

Prince Sultan said the kingdom was bolstering its defences with the newly acquired U.S.-made F-15 warplanes and its success in signing the \$8.5-billion arms deal that includes five U.S. Airborne Warning And Control System (AWACS) radar planes.

## need arises' MANAMA, Bahrain, Jan. 23 quoted as saying today.

Bahrain 'to

call Saudi

forces if

(A.P.) - Bahrain will ask for Saudi forces "when necessary." the prime minister of Bahrain was

Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Salman Al Khalifa made the statement in an interview with the Paris-based Arabic-language weekly Al Mus taqbal in which he described Iran as "the Israel of the Guif."

The prime minister disclosed that his country has suspended all dealings with Iran, "including movement of Iranian ships and aircraft and a ban on entry of Ira-

nian nationals into Bahrain." "Iran poses the same danger in the Gulf that Israel poses in the Arab east," Sheikh Khalifa was

quoted as saying. The present Iranian regime is

instigating Gulf nationals to conspiracy under Islamic revolution slogans and secterianism," he said. "The ayatollah rulers in Tehran are also providing military training to Gulf nationals to spread sabotage and anarchy in the

Sheikh Khalifa said the joint security pact signed last month by Bahrain and Saudi Arabia should be expanded to comprise all Arab countries in the Gulf.

Kuwait and Qatar have already announced that they are for the idea, which will be taken up Monday by a Gulf defence ministers meeting in Rivadh. Saudi Arabia.

He denied that last month's aborted coup bid in Bahrain, allegedly engineered by Iran, had resulted in "an exodus of capital from Bahrain." Bahrain's economy is based on

a thriving banking and services sector which is vital for its continued prosperity.

## Sabah Al Ahmad, PLO leaders confer

KUWAIT, Jan. 23 (A.P.) — Kuwait's Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah conferred today with three highranking Palestinian officials on the latest developments in the Arab-Israeli scene.

Present at the meeting with Sheikh Sabah were deputy speaker of the Palestine National Council Salim Al Zaanoun, Central Committee member of Fateh Khaled Al Hassan and Awni Battash, dir- a special U.N. General Assembly

ector of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's Kuwait office.

Government sources said the meeting "covered a wide array of issues of interest to the Arab Nation, particularly in the wake of last Wednesday's U.N. Security Council meeting on the Middle East."

Mr. Al Hassan told reporters the meeting discussed the projected Arab foreign ministers emergency conference in Tunisia as well as prospects for convening

session on the Arab-Israeli con-

We also discussed the Iraq-Iran war and efforts to bring an end to hostilities, as well as the situation in Lebanon in light of Israel's threats." Mr. Al Hassan

The meeting coincided with an interview published in Qatar in which Sheikh Sabah said the Arabs must agree on unified policies or "be crushed under the heels of the present challenges."

## Moscow drops figure on grain harvest

MOSCOW, Jan. 23 (R) — The Soviet government omitted the 1981 grain harvest figure from a list of economic results published today, indicating that the crop was one of the worst in recent years.

It was the first time for six years that the grain crop had been dropped from the annual survey of industrial and farming results published by the govemment daily Izvestia.

Western experts have already estimated last year's Soviet harvest at around 175 million tonnes, the lowest figure for six years and the third poor crop in succession.

The leadership's target is for an annual yield of 239 million tonnes up to 1985. The last grain figure omitted from the Izvestia survey was the 1975 harvest, which at 140 million

tonnes was the worst in the past decade. The figure published today showed that Soviet output in 1981 was below plan targets in most

sectors. "The fact that they have not published the 1981

figure today leaves no doubt that it is emb arrassingly low, and may even be well under the 175 million estimate," one Western diplomat said.

After poor results in 1979 and 1980 the Soviet Union has been left with barely any grain reserves to draw on. Western experts say Moscow may import up to 43 million tonnes of grain to make up for the harvest shortfall.

In place of the harvest result. Izvestia published the statement: "State resources of grain will provide a full supply of bread and bread products for the population.

Today's figures showed that the country suffered a very poor harvest last year in another key crop. Production was 60.6 million tonnes, the lowest figure for 19 years and 40 million tonnes below the

leadership's target for the year. Last year's crops were hit by a long hot, dry spell in the summer followed by storms and floods.

funds to Iraqi Shi ite mullahs in order to foment internal strife. Mr. Bakhtiar also described his relations with the Iraqi leadership

Khomeini fears coup, former Iranian premier says

as "good" because, he said. "Bagder was deliberately extending the hdad does not depend directly or war with Iraq because he feared a military coup in Tehran, according indirectly on America or anyone else... and because Iraq helped in Paris, spoke in an interview with There have been unconfirmed the Kuwaiti As Siyassah newreports that Mr. Bakhtiar has

spaper, excerpts of which were made secret visits to the Iraqi capital in order to gain support for action against the fundamentalist Mr. Bakhtiar, who was the late regime in Iran. Mr. Bakhtiar indicated he was Shah of Iran's last prime minister ready to "cooperate with any Iranian not connected with the pretollah Khomeini had "interfered sent regime" to help bring Ayain the internal affairs of Iraq and

tollah Khomeini's downfall although he blasted former Iranian President Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr and his supporters among the underground leftist Mujahedeen-e-Khalq guerrillas.

The guerrilla group, led by Massoud Rajavi, also living in exile in



Shahpour Bakhtiar

Paris with Mr. Bani-Sadr, has been waging a fierce campaign of bombings and assassinations against the Tehran government since Mr. Bani-Sadr's ouster last June.

He also predicted the imminent fall of the Khomeini regime which he said would be preceded by civil war and a "bloodbath, mount an

He added the collapse was inevitable because "there are too many conspiracies against it (the regime)."

### Tranian woman jailed

LONDON, Jan. 23 (R) — A woman found guilty of involvement in a plot to overthrow lran's revolutionary government in July 1980 has been sentenced to life imprisonment. Tehran Radio said today.

The woman, Negar Rokni, was sentenced by the Isfahan military Islamic revolutionary court, the radio said.

Iran's government uncovered a coup plot 1.8 months ago and more than 100 people were executed.

- The government said the plotters planned to return to power former Prime Minister Shahpour Bakhtiar, who now lives in exile in

## NATIONAL

# Islamic banking scores in Jordan

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

ISLAMIC BANKING, which has achieved rapid success in other parts of the Muslim world over the past several years, has begun to score considerably in Jordan. The Jordan Islamic Bank, which began operations in September 1979. has already met its target in deposits and now pays an eight per cent return on cash deposit inv-

The bank, which has a capital of JD 4 million, has been able to compete successfully through a profit-sharing system with Jor-

danian commercial banks, which pay an interest rate ranging between 7 to 7.5 per cent on fixed one-year dinar deposits. Depositors share in the bank's profit

according to the length of the per-

iod of their deposits. One-year

deposits have so far profited by 7.4 per cent according to available The Islamic Bank's most active contribution has largely been devoted to financing business transactions, particularly imports, but the bank has recently expanded its activities to include "des-

ignated accounts", the deposits of

which are used to finance one par-

ticular project. The profits and losses of these "designated accounts" are calculated solely on the basis of the performance of the project concerned. The Jordan Islamic Bank is financing a combined housing and, office complex and commercial centre project in one of Amman's northern suburbs. The estimated requirements of the project are JD 4 million.

The bank owes its initial success in attracting a substantial share of deposits to the small and medium-sized investments of customers, whose belief in the principles of Islam prevents them from accepting interest. The success of the Jordan Islamic Bank. coupled with the wide range of investment opportunities in Jordan, was behind the establishment of another Islamic financial institution: The Islamic Investment House (Bay Al Istithmar al Islami). This new financial institution, which has a capital of JD 4 million, was registered with the Jordanian Ministry of Industry and Trade as a public shareholding company in September 1981. The company's capital is divided into 4 million shares, each share having a nominal value of

The 117 promoters include 99 Jordanians, who subscribed to 1.401.000 shares: 15 Kuwaits. who covered 630,000 shares; one Iraqi promoter, who covered 50,000 shares and one Saudi and another Syrian promoter, who covered 10,000 shares each. The remaining 1.899.00 shares were offered for public subscription at the beginning of October.

The demand for the shares was far in excess of the number of shares offered and had reached 3 million by Nov. 12, 1981 - the closing date for subscription. As a result, subscribers could be only be alloted about 60 per cent of the number of shares they had applied

The company's activities are mainly designed to attract the capital of potential private investors, whose religious convictions do not permit them to accept interest. and to channel such capital into

when the project begins to realise productive Jordanian projects a profit and will also share in any which are safe, profitable and do profits or losses incurred by that not violate the principles of Islamic Shari'a law. The company will not indulge in any usurous practices and will comply with Shari'a law as closely as possible within the framework of Jordanian law. The company realises that this, in certain cases, may give rise, to a conflict of laws as in the case of projects financed by the company which require the imponation of goods or capital equipment. Under Jordanian law, all such imports must be insured in transit by a local insurance comis very wide and resembles, to a pany. Such insurance, of course, is very great extent, those of the Jor-

prohibited under a strict int-

project on an agreed ratio hetween the company and the borrower. Such a system is in full accord with the spirit of Islam, which gives credit to human endeavour and provides the motivating force in the process of production. The company will also issue guarantees and secure letters of credit for companies and individuals who undertake to deal exclusively with Islamic banks. The scope of the company's activities, as described in its objects,

'We do not operate on the basis of finding alternatives to non-Islamic business practices, but rather on creating new modes of business transactions and developing new methods of investment?

erpretation of Islamic law, Mr. Yousef Abdo, investment adviser to the board of directors and one of the promoters told the Jordan Times the company, while endeavouring to adhere to the principles of Islamic Shari'a law, is legally bound to comply with Jordanian law in the case of such a conflict. All such conflicts and other procedural problems relating to the implementation of Islamic law will be finally decided by the company's Islamic legal adviser (Al muragib al shar i).

The company will not grant loans or other credit facilities which involve the payment of interest. Instead, the company will indulge in profit-sharing (murabaha) when extending its financing facilities to individuals or companies for a specific project or transaction. Under this procedure, the company will recover any capital which it advances

dan Islamic Bank. In addition to the activities mentioned above. the Islamic Investment House will accept ordinary deposits and will act as investment agent for depositors in certain projects designated by the depositor or selected by the company. Depositors will share in the profits realised Mr. Abdo said that the com-

pany differs from the Jordan Islamic Bank, however, in that it does not undertake short-term transactions. The shortest term for an ordinary deposit is six months and the minimum period for investment deposits is one year. The longest period for a transaction undertaken by the Jordan Islamic Bank is two years, whereas the company plans to engage in transactions that may extend over a ten-year period.

The company will also deal in foreign exchange, restricting its initial activities to the spot rate

market and expanding into forward markets at a later stage. It will also get as a licensed broker in shares and bonds on the Amman Financial Market, It will undertake the underwriting of new issues of stocks, shares debentures and other securities for nonusurous companies or financial institutions.

Mr. Abdo stressed however, that the company is first and toremost an investment company and the bulk of its activities will take place in the field of investment. rather than in banking facilities and financial activities.

Among its other activities, the company will act as financial consultant and manager of clients' portfolios and will undertake profitability studies for specific investment projects at the request of

Mr. Abdo said that the Islamic Investment House will engage more heavily in direct investment than in joint investment with other partners. The former mode of investment is more in line with Islamic philosophy, which gives preference to the widest possible distribution of profit to benefit as many people as possible. However, the company's short-term investment programme includes joint ventures with other partners on the basis of the muraraba profit-sharing procedure. Such joint ventures during the company's initial operational phase will give rise to quick returns, thus enabling the company to expand and move into longer-term direct investment activities.

Mr. Abdo said that the company expects that the bulk of its investment deposits will come from the Arabian Gulf countries. One of the company's main objectives is to tap capital surplusses in the oil-rich countries, as well as capital belonging to the substantial number of Jordanian expatriates in the Gulf countries. The bulk of Gulf capital surplusses and Jordanian expatriate capital is invested outside the Arab World, because potential investors from the Gulf feel that there are no appropriate investment channels in

Jordan, Mr. Abdo explained. The company will provide these chaonels in a "modern, organised way," he said. The presence of 15 agement of that particular pro-Kuwani promoters will enhance the company's telations with Gulf financial markets -- relations which Mr. Abdo envisages will be SHORE

Some of the direct investment projects in which the company will engage will be in the fields of housing, transport and industry, with short-term activities concentrating on housing and transport, while investment in industrial projects will not commence before 1983

The company plans to begin its investment activities with a housing project, which will cost between JD 6 million and JD 8 milhon. The project will be located in one of several Amman suburbs: the decision as to its specific location will be taken soon. It will comprise 350 villas, all of which will be designed to reflect Islamic architectural and spatial considerations with a particular view to the preservation of the occupants, privacy and the enhancement of tamily life. The project will be largely tinanced by the future owners of the housing units. while the company will manage the investment.

Housing projects undertaken by the company during its initial period of activity will cater to clients who have some degree of eash liquidity. But the company later hopes to move into housing projects for people who do not have enough liquid eash to finance their own housing. The company will provide the necessary financing as well as the investment management services for the owners on the basis of a hire-purchase agreement. Under this procedure, the future owners of the housing units will pay back the company in interest-free instalments until the full amount provided by the company is covered, at which point, the entire ownership of the property will be transferred to the depend on usury, he said. Othowners. The houses will thus be grwise, it would function like any provided to clients benefiting other merchant bank in the world, from these projects at cost price. he added.

The only profit that will accrue to the company will be derived from the receipt of fees fro the manject's investments and the postils brought in by these investments.

The company also plans to inc. est in transport projects during its first phase of activity. Mr Abdo said that one of the man promuters is actively engaged in private sector transport projects in Kuwait. The company will therefore have opportunities for participating in transport projects in Kuwait, as well as in Jordan, Iraq and Saudi Arabia. The most lucraine investments will be made through financing transport means, particularly in Jordan, Mr. Abdo said.

The company will co-operate very closely with the Jordan tel amic Bank, the Jordan Financing House, the Islamic Monetary House (Dar Al Mal Al Islami) in Geneva and the Islamic Banks in Kuwait, Dubai and Bahtain.

Mr. Abdo said that the company envisages it profits to be as substantial as those of similar. long-standing companies. The minimum target net profit which it hopes to achieve by the end of 1982 is 15 per cent, he said.

He pointed out that when evaluating the performance of Islamic companies and banks, it must be kept in mind that islamic intitutions need not be a copy of non-Islamic institutions. "We do not operate on the basis of finding alternatives to non-Islamic business practices, but rather on creating new modes of business transactions and developing new methods of investment," he said He pointed out that investors throughout the world are constantly developing new methods of investment and that he regards the success of an investment company as dependent on its ability to develop novel investment methods that fulfil people's needs. The company will be introducing new investment procedures that do not

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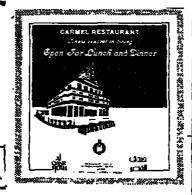


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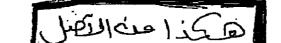
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# NATIONAL



ssion of the Ministry of Labour course for labour leaders Saturday (Petra photo)

## Trade union leaders enhance their skills in 10-day course

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) — Labour Ministry Under-Secretary Tayseer Abdul Jaber opened here today a 10-day course for Jordanian trade union leaders.

In a speech to the 25 par-

## Panel to assess frost damage in the valley

大きな 日本の 日本の はない はない こうしゅう

KARAK, Jan. 23 (Petra) — It has been decided to set up a special committee to study the agricultural situation in the Jordan Valley region following the fre-ezing weather which hit the area recently, Karak Agriculture Department Director Mukhles Ammarin said today.

He said the decision was taken during a meeting of agriculture inspectors and heads of agriculture department in Karak Governorate.

Dr. Ammarin explained that the participants in the meeting also discussed the possibility of opening an office for agricultural guidance in the town of Al Mazar. and reviewed the district's needs for agricultural advisers.

ticipants, Dr. Abdul Jaber out- union movement, labour social lined the importance of labour education in the Arab World, and reviewed the growth of the Jordanian labour movement and the country's development asp-

Jordan's labour market has begun to witness big strides in favour of labourers, especially after the enactment of the Social Security laws. he said. Ten new vocational training centres around the country--two of which will be operational during this year--will further enhance workers' position, he

Also addressing the opening session was Mr. Shaher Al Majali, secretary general of the General Federation of Jordanian Trade Unions (GFJTU), who described the course as a means of raising the trade unionists' standard and providing them with greater skills and experience.

Another speaker was Mr. Abdul Wahad Tuba, who represented the Arab Labour Education Institute in Baghdad. He outlined the institute's activities

and training programmes. The participants will be orited on the Jordanian labour

## **NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS**

Awgaf dept. plants trees at Hesban

MADABA, Jan. 23 (J.T.) - The Madaba Awqaf Department today completed the second stage of a Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs project for planting fruit trees in the Hesban agricultural project, where olive and vine trees were planted. The project includes planting 120 dunums with trees, particularly of the almond family, this year.

Arab union delegation arrives for visit

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) - A delegation from the Arab International Labour Union Federation arrived in Amman today for a four-day visit to Jordan. The visit is in response to an invitation by the Ministry of Labour to look into the labour union movement in Jordan. The delegation members will be meeting with ministry officials and members of the General Federation of Jordanian Trade Unions, as well as the Amman Chamber of Industry. The delegation is led by the federation's secretary general, Mr. Hamid

## Health labs' yearly toll given

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (J.T.) - Ministry of Health laboratories conducted 163,614 tests on 83,401 samples last year, the local press reported today. Ministry officials were quoted as saying tests on 4,068 tissue samples revealed 237 cases of cancer. They added that the ministry laboratories tested on 495 poison samples during

### Schools reopen after 3-week break

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) — Government and private schools opened today after a three-week holiday which marked the end of the first term of the scholastic year 1981-1982.

### Red Crescent board reviews work

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) - The Jordanian National Red Crescent Society's board met today to review a report by the society's president, Dr. Ahmad Abu Qoura, on the seciety's activities and services last year. The participants in the meeting reviewed last year's budget, and approved this year's draft budget of JD 34,500. They also decided to form a committee to prepare for the celebrations of the Red Crescent and the Red Cross international day, to be observed on May 8.

## Crooked bread dealers sentenced

AMMAN, Jan: 23 (Petra) - The military court has sentenced Salah Mahmond Bakr to pay a fine of JD 100 for baking loaves of bread which weighed less than 250 grammes and selling them by piece rather than by weight. It has also sentenced Ahmad Sul-eman Al Alawneh to pay a fine of JD 50 for selling by the piece. The military governor approved these sentences today.

## Alia gets TriStar trainer

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (J.T.) - Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, has trained one of its captains to be an instructor in the use of its new Lockheet, L-1011 TriStar jets. After attending a three-month TriStar conversion course in Palmdale, California, Capt. Seif Taker returned recently to take up the position of fleet captain for the new planes, Before converting to TriStars, Capt. Taher was fleet captain for Alia's Boeing 707 liners.

## 20 Zarqa workers start course in labour issues

ZAROA, Jan. 23 (Petra) - A 10-day labour education course opened here today.

Twenty participants representing 12 firms in Zarqa District are taking part in the course, the first in a series to be held here during 1982. They will be oriented on Arab and international labour movements, social services, problems facing labour organisations, the labour law and the rights and duties of workers.

Labour immigration and its impact on the country's social and economic development, along with occupational safety, firefighting and the condition of Arab workers under Israeli rule, will be discussed during the course.

The participants will be taken on field trips to several firms and institutions in Zarqa District, to look into their work and production

## Lecture, discussion set on international language

The lecture will be at 4:30 p.m. on Jan. 27, at the American cen-

tre, near Third Circle in Jabal

Dr. Anani

Oatar leader

DOHA, Jan. 23 (Petra) — Qatari

Emir Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Hamad

Al Thani received in his office

today Labour Minister Jawad Al

Anani and his accompanying del-

During the meeting they rev-

Dr. Anani and his delegation

arrived in Doha from Manama

today for a three-day visit to Qatar

in the course of their tour of sev-

Dr. Anani called in an interview

on Qatar Radio today for a unified

Arab stand to face common dan-

gers, and also for an increase in

inter-Arab cooperation in labour

affairs. Dr. Anani also spoke

about the condition of Arab wor-

kers under Israeli occupation. He

said that the Israelis are exercising

oppressive measures against these

workers, imposing heavy taxes on

them and denying them the use of

their land and water sources.

eral Arabian Gulf states.

iewed means of further bolstering

cooperation between Jordan and

Qatar in labour-related affairs.

calls on

AMMAN (J.T.) - The American Centre will present on Wednesday a free public lecture and open discussion about Esperanto, the international auxiliary language.

The programme will deal with the dimensions of the language problem, the development of Esperanto and other international languages and the current status of Esperanto - where, why, how and by whom it is used.

Some examples will be provided of Esperanto music, poetry, drama and literature. Esperanto's role in science, commerce and technology will be discussed and. illustrated with sample pub-

The programme will be presented by Mr. Jimmie Osburn, who is a public administration consultant with the American embassy, and a veteran Esperantist. Mr. Osburn guarantees that anyone can learn to conjugate any and all Esperanto verbs in less than 30 minutes, because of the logical simplicity of the Esperanto grammar.

Esperanto ideally sounds like Italian -- but it usually sounds like the native language of the person speaking it. Like any language, it can be spoken with accents. What it look like? Jen frazo skribita per Esperanto. Kion gi similas, lau via opinio? Vi mem povas decidi.

### him a message from the speaker of Japan boosts **UNRWA** by nimous decision of the Cypriot parliament concerning dis-\$1 million armament. It also described the ideals for which the island nation

The ambassador also conveyed AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) to Mr. Talhouni the Cypriot par-Japan is increasing its annual conliament's denunciation of Israel's tribution to the United Nations decision to annex the occupied Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) by 51 For his part, Mr. Talhouni said million starting this year, accthe Cypriot message would be studied by the house members.

million starting this year, according to UNRWA sources here.

They said that Japan's con-

They said that Japan's conand requested the ambassador to tributions to the agency in 1981 were \$6 million, in addition to reciation of Cyprus's stand in supunspecified shipments of food worth some S3 million.

## Pakistani trade team arrives for talks with officials, business

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) - A Pakistani trade delegation arrived here today for a three-day visit to Jordan.

The delegation's members, who represent Pakistan's economic institutions, will meet with Minister of Industry and Trade Walid Asfour, ministry officials and representatives of the Jordanian private sector to discuss ways of bolstering Jordanian-Pakistani trade

### Irbid to get institute branch

services, the rights of women wor-

kers, the condition of Arab lab-

ourers under Israeli occupation

and Arab labour movements. The

participants will pay a visit to the Arab Pharmaceuticals Man-

The course is organised by the

Ministry of Labour in cooperation

with the Arab Labour Education

Cypriot envoy

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (Petra) --

Non-resident Cypriot Amb-

assador to Jordan George Lyc-

ourjos today called on Speaker of

the Upper House of Parliament

Bahjat Al Talhouni and handed

The message dealt with a una-

ufacturing Company in Salt.

Institute and the GFJTU.

gives memo

to Talhouni

Cyprus's parliament.

Syrian Golan Heights.

convey home the house's app-

port of the just Arab cause.

strives.

AMMAN, Jan. 23 (J.T.) — The board of the Public Administration Institute, in cooperation with Yarmouk University, has decided to open a branch in Irbid, the local press

reported today. The institute holds administrative training courses for public and private sector employees. It will also conduct administrative studies and researches in Irbid Governorate.

## Two injured on Zarqa highway

AMMAN. Jan. 23 (J.T.) — Two people were slightly injured in a bus accident on Friday morning. the local press reported today.

A Kuwaiti public transport bus skidded on the Zarqa highway near the Pepsi Cola factory, a Public Security official was quoted as saying. He added that the accident was the result of speed on the highway, which becomes slippery in

## Today's Weather

It will be partly cloudy, with some scattered showers in the eastern regions. Winds will be southeasterly moderate to fresh. In Aqaba. it will be partly cloudy with southerly moderate winds and calm

	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	5	16
Aqaba	11	23
Deserts	5	. 17
lordan Valley	12	22

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17, Aqaba 24, Humidity readings; Amman 40 per cent, Aqaba 44 per cent.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

Film

Le Feu Sacre, a colour film sub-titled in Arabic, at the French Cultural Centre at 7:30 p.m.

## Association for mentally handicapped opens Irbid centre for young people

IRBID, Jan. 23 (Petra) - Her Highness Princess Basma, honorary chairman of the Queen Alia Jordan Welfare Fund (QAJWF). opened here today a branch of the National Association for the Mentally Handicapped.

The new branch will cater for 14 mentally retarded children aged between five and 10, according to

the branch's director, Mr. Mohammad 'Ubeidat. Speaking at a ceremony to mark the opening, he said that specialists will study each child's case to try to find means of treating the retarded children with modern techniques.

Mr. Ubeidat also said that another branch for mentally retarded children will be opened in the

Attending the opening ccremony were Irbid Governor Mohammad Daoudiyeh, Irbid

and several other officials. Earlier, Princess Basma called at the governor's house, and was briefed on the governorate's voluntary and social service activities.

Mayor Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat



MADABA, Jan. 23 (Petra) - Minister of Communications Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben today opened two post offices, at the towns of Umm Al Amad and Umm Rummaneh. The new post offices are among 74 which are to

be opened in various governorates during the current year, Dr. Zaben said in a speech on the occasion. Each of the two has been supplied with two 100-line telephone switchboards, he said. Accompanying the minister to the two towns

were several officials from the Telecommunications Corporation and the Ministry of Communications.

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2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD

3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by

4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

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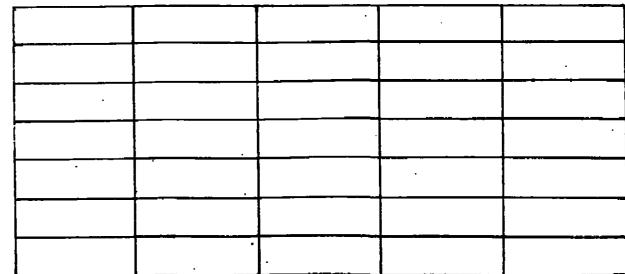
5. For the minimum price of JD 7.500, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be cal-led. The JD 7.500 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 15, three insertions cost JD 22.500 etc.

6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 10 for 40 words and JD 12:500 for 50 words.

7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash or cheque to:

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The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Advertising and subscription rates are available from the Iordan Times advertishig department.

## The gutter beckons...

THOSE OF US who believe in the equality of the sexes should perhaps thank Mrs. Jeane Kirkpatrick, the American ambassador to the United Nations, for her interview with Israel Radio yesterday in which she lashed out strongly at the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), suggesting it is not the real representative of the Palestinian people. She has demonstrated as vividly and as conclusively as possible that American women are blessed with the same capacity for ignorance and self-deception as are American male political leaders. Mrs. Kirkpatrick, like many people who reach high places, clearly needs to wander off from the real world every once in a while and seek solace in the more comforting days of one's adolescence. In other words, she longs for the good old days when the PLO did not exist and when American politicians did not have to tax their intellectual limits by having to deal with their responsibility for the lack of resolution of the Palestine dilemma. That is why, every once in a while, she makes a fool of herself, as she did vesterday in her interview with Israel Radio... which brings up an interesting possible explanation: is she already running for the Senate seat from New York, and, therefore, like equally loquacious and distempered predecessors at the U.N. who also aspired for a Senate seat, such as the very sorry Patrick Moynihan, has decided to open her campaign with mandatory spiritual strip-tease and self-flagellation in front of the Israeli lobby? Mrs. Kirkpatrick reminds us that where the Palestine issue is concerned, cheapness and political blindness are not exclusively male traits among American politicians. The ladies can also get right down there in the gutter and grovel along with the rest of the folks. We wonder: When Mrs. Kirkpatrick is long forgotten, and the PLO has helped establish a state in which the Palestinians will be free, dignified and proud, will she, too, come around to suggesting that a PLO-USA dialogue is called for? Pick yourself up. Jeane. for the gutter is very long and deep.

### **ARAS PRESS COMMENTARY**

### Angry? So what?

AL RA'I: Although the U.S. veto has foiled the Jordanian draft resolution which called for punishing Israel for annexing the Golan Heights, it is clear that the Jordanian firm stand has revealed the real colours of some Security Council member states. The Jordanian stand has exposed the United States and the strange behaviour of Britain. France and Japan who abstained from voting on the resolution.

It is only natural for the Arab arena to seethe with angry reactions. What is unnatural is that these reactions should be limited to a criticism of the U.S. behaviour because anger, criticism and denunciation devoid from a strong Arab stand can never deter aggression or effect a change on the practices of the United States.

This is the fact which the Arabs must understand. Anger is of no influence on the international level unless it is backed by a sizeable strength and criticism can change nothing unless it is int-

Jordan has called and still calls for the mobilisation of the nation's potentials and the building of its strength. This call has been reiterated in the Jordanian Foreign Ministry's statement which was issued yesterday. The Arabs' intrinsic strength remains to be the basic need which can regain the usurped rights.

The Arabs had better hasten to build their strength and to be committed to their pan-Arab duties. When the Arabs succeed in building this strength they will not feel such frustration because they will be able to deter aggression without being forced to complain and await justice from others.

## Wider dimensions

AL DUSTOUR: The Arabs' battle for the Golan Heights is no longer limited to a confrontation with the Israel, but has become a direct and fierce confrontation with the U.S. which protects and

supports Israel. The dimensions of this battle which emerged after the U.S. veto necessitates the establishment of a strong and decisive Arab stand capable of confronting the dangers resulting from the behaviour of the United States which has prevented imposing punishment on Israel and has supplied it with protection to do whatever it likes in

It is clear that in the light of this confrontation denunciation and complaints are of no avail. The Arabs must rely on their own strength in defending their rights and protecting their lands and existence. The Arabs are trying to transfer the battle to the General Assembly where the best they can achieve is an unbinding resolution, international support and the exposition of and the United States collaboration in implementing the Israeli str-

ategy of aggression and imperialist expansion. The emergency session of the Arab Foreign Ministers' council, to be held tomorrow, is a step on the right path which must be supported by real Arab solidarity because this meeting can prepare the atmosphere for crystallising the Arab stand which can confront the enemy. If the Arab diplomatic efforts are to be of any value, Arab solidarity must be achieved and then interpreted into joint Arab action.

Jordan has been calling on the Arabs to build solidarity, establish joint action, draw up a comprehensive strategy and build their intrinsic strength in order to be able to defend the Arab rights and deter the enemy.

## JORDAN IN THE YEAR 2000

## Effects of Urbanisation

By Dr. Zaki M. Ayoubi

There are exogenous and indigenous conditions that have contributed to the rapid urbanisation of the

people of Jordan. When Jordan came into existence as a political entity in 1921, most of the population was rural or nomadic. The wars of 1948 and 1967 flooded the cities of Jordan with hundreds of thousands of Palestinians uprooted from their homeland. In addition to wars. there has been the pressure brought about by the Israeli occupation of the West Bank which enhanced migration to the East Bank.

Rapid expansion of the economy since the mid 1970s has been associated with the importation of tens of thousands of non Jordanian workers, thus adding another exogenous factor to the urban population.

The origin or legal status of city residents makes little difference to their impact on urban conditions in Amman and other cities. Every one in these civies share water, electricity, sanitation, fuel, streets, hospitals, buses, governmental facilities and seek jobs in the same market. Having come from villages, towns. or refugee camps, they slowly but irreversibly become city people. They join a consumer oriented society.

But indigenous forces are also at work. Agricultural productivity on the East Bank has increased in spite of great difficulties. Mechanisation, fertilisers, crop rotation, and modern techniques, especially in the Jordan Valley, has freed many people from agricultural work. Match this to the growing number of work opportunities in the cities in the construction and manufacturing activities; match it further to pre-conceived better quality of life in the cities provided by better sanitation. more electricity, water, hea-Ith services and entertainment, the result is an irresistable pull that the cities exercise on the countryside.

The results of external and internal forces on where people live have been dramatic. In 1961, half the population were living in cities larger than 20,000 people. This proportion is expected to increase to two thirds of the population by the middle of this decade. Population in the cities is increasing at about twice the rate of increase in the rural areas.

The impact of rapid urbanisation on society will be devastating. The social sys-

tem is in a state of disequilibrium. In such a state, the individual, the family, the various social organisations, formal and informal, are under extreme stress. The traditions of this society, its habits, customs, morals, and psychology are rooted in the small village and the dessert. In the current stage of transition, it is not strange for the individual to feel isolated and lonely. The intimacy and communiality of village and desert life seem to be replaced with more self interest and pragmatism in the city. Extended family and tribe. hallmarks of Arab society, are steadily replaced with nucleus families. The tempo of city life, the increased attention and appreciation of material wellbeing take a lot of the energies of most families. Family and neiencourhood visits have tremendous competition from television, cinema, sport events and various mass entertainment where individuals see each other

The aim of the above analysis is not to praise or condemn urbanisation. It is only to indicate that old patterns of behaviour are being transformed. New social arrangements will have to

but they never really int-

evolve to provide the individual with security, companionship and happiness in

a new setting. Life in rural areas and the desert is also undergoing transformation. The main challenge will be to provide conditions for the creation of a rural middle class. A middle class that is materially well off, stable and

vet attached to agriculture. While economists present us with reports and figures showing achievements in agricultural production in the Jordan Valley, there have been very few studies by Jordanian sociologists concerning social development in the same area. Why is it that over one third of agricultural workers are imported workers? Has our urbanisation gone too far on the expense of rural life? These questions must be on the top of the agenda of studies and analysis by our sociologists.

By the year 2000, almost three fourths of the Jordanians will be living in cities of over 20,000. But urbanisation is not the only force transforming Jordanian society. Industrialisation and bureaucratisation are the other two legs of the triad. To these we will return in the coming weeks.

## It's all a shame

By Tareq Masarweh

To see Jordan's draft resolution to the United Nations Security frozen by anything other than the U.S. veto is a catastrophe. This means the presence of double dealings on the part of Arab diplomacy.

The Americans have become more intelligent in their dealing at

the Security Council: instead of vetoing a resolution adopted against Zionist aggression, they have begun to put pressure on the Security Council member in order to vote such a resolution down. In the Golan Heights issue, Jordan submitted a draft resolution

calling for maximum punishment. The Jordanian resolution should have been backed by a softer draft resolution by the nonaligned states to work as an alternative to the Jordanian one in view of U.S. opposition. But this alternative has been delayed for some reason, making Washington able to rally the votes of france and Britain, then these of Zuire and Panama. The United States has made everyone understand that it has the trump card on other votes. Thus the Jordanian draft resolution was frozen without the presence of an alternative resolution.

We ask: why this Arab diplomatic failure? Does Europe's objection to punish Israel mean that it supports the annexation of the Golan Heights? Where are the nonaligned states? Where are the African and South American states?

In other words: Where are the Arab development funds? Where is the influence of oil? And where is the influence of the increase on the Arab share in the International Bank? Where is the weight of Arab arms imports? Why can the French reversal of stand paralyse the European stand completely.

Our questions are numerous. We used to believe that the Arabs were impotent only on the battlefield and that there were some successes on the arena of international diplomacy.

Israel used to say that there would be an automatic majority in favour of any Arab draft resolution in the United Nations. Who has the Arab impotence moved to influence the conflict on the international diplomacy arena"

Most probably the world has started to get fed up with the title; 'The Middle East Crisis". It is ashamed of supporting the Arabs' impotence. The world is no longer willing to sacrifice anything for a people who are not willing to sacrifice for their homeland, dignity and land.

# Was Sadat assassinated or executed?

EDITOR'S NOTE: The following is the text of a letter sent by M.T. Mehdi, president of the American-Arab Relations Committee, New York, to the editor of the New York Times.

To the Editor:

The American news media, including The Times, have not provided an answer to the question: Was President Sadat "assassinated" on Oct. 6, as the Western press refers to the bloody event of that day, or was he "executed," as the Arab press refers to Sadat's end? Nor has there been any analysis in the American press as to why Sadat, a charming person on American TV and an advocate of "peace" loved by millions of Americans, was so despised at home by his own people and by more than a billion Arabs and

To understand Arab feeling. imagine, if you can, the American president after Pearl Harbour flying to Tokyo to make peace with Japan and offering Canada to the Japanese rulers in payment for peace — all this without the knowledge of the American people or the consent of the people of Canada but in the interest of peace.

Of course, no American president would ever dare to so violate the public trust. An Egyptian pharaoh could. President Sadat did exactly that by flying to Jerusalem and off-

something, their agreement will be the law. Sadat projected that practice on America and thought that if he hugged "brother Henry" or "good friend Jimmy," this would help liberate portions of Palestine from Israeli occupation.

The new pharoah was able to imprison several hundred Egyptian journalists, university professors, authors, religious leaders and whoever else dared to open his mouth against his policies. He could do so with impunity, knowing that there was no political organisation to oppose him at home. And because he was "pro-American," he was sure he would not be criticized by the American news media and by the American people or Government.

If Sadat had really been concerned with peace, he should have invited Menachem Begin to Cairo and negotiated with him to offer Sinai to Israel. His unauthorized trip to Jerusalem was in violation of the rights and the feelings of the Palestinians. He had as much right to do this as the American president had after Pearl Harbor to go to Tokyo to offer Canada to the Japanese, in the interest of peace but without the con-



## Senegal, no tall order for Diouf

It is hard to mistake President Abdou Diouf, Senegal's head of state, for his lanky 6 ft 6 in frame puts him among the world's tallest leaders. But until last year, when he assumed power from the poet-philosopher Leopold Senghor, who had ruled Senegal since independence 21 years ago, many people believed his height was the

only remarkable thing about him.
During a blameless 10 years as Mr. Senghor's Prime Minister, Mr. Diouf was considered a hard-working and colourless backroom boy, who did not have the stature, metaphorically speaking, to take over as head of state. However, his performance as a president has caused many of his critics to change their minds.

He has been blessed with Senegal's first good harvest in three years, but has also revealed himself as an astute politician, a decisive foreign policy maker and a competent economist — although Senegal's economic problems are so acute that progress has not been spectacular.

Senegal's serious economic problems stem from a succession of failed harvests, its overdependence on a single crop -groundnuts -- and its unwieldly bureaucracy. Mr. Diouf also faces a vocal opposition in one of Africa's best educated political elites.

Yet, since taking office, he has corrected some of the mistakes of Mark Webster, recently in Dakar, reports on how Senegal's new President has confounded the critics who thought him unremarable and colourless.

ghor's later years. On the domestic front, he has surprised his political opponents by throwing open the political field to all comers. Mr. Senghor had reluctantly introduced an artificial four-party system in 1978. But Mr. Diouf has allowed 11 parties to register, including the National Democratic Assembly (RND) led by Cheikh

Anta Diop, who is potentially the most forceful opposition leader. Mr.Diouf's gamble is that by the 1983 elections he will have secured his position as head of the Socialist Party (PS), which has 84 seats in the 100-seat National

The new president has used the fact that he is a devout Muslim to cultivate links with the country's powerful Muslim leaders, the Marabouts. Under his Christian predecessor, their relations with the Government were always a little strained.

His image as a conservative Muslim leader has also helped him to gain aid particularly to build the giant Diama dam, from Arab states such as Saudi Arabia and At the same time, Mr. Diouf

showed how quickly he is pre-

the highly opinionated Mr. Sen- pared to act when Senegalese troops intervened in neighbouring Gambia after an attempted coup against Sir Dawda Jawar's regime

last July. Senegal has exacted a high price for its help. Sir Dawda has agreed to form a confederation which is expected to lead to a federal system which the much larger Senegal will inevitably dominate. It would be a major foreign pol-

icy victory for Mr. Diouf since Senegal has long wished to get control of tiny Gambia. However, it will add to Senegal's already considerable economic problems. Over the past two decades, Senegal's real growth rate has averaged only 2.7 per cent annually,

barely keeping pace with population growth. Groundaut production, which accounted for 56 per cent of exports in 1976, has fallen substantially following repeated poor harvests due to drought. In three of the past four years there was a decline in real gross domestic product.

Groundnut production is expected to recover this year to between 850,000 and 900,000 tonnes, compared with less than 490,000 tonnes in 1980-81, which was the lowest level for 20 years.

However, dependence on the crop

remains too great. The balance of payments has been badly hit by the failure of the agricultural sector. Trade deficits tripled between 1976 and 1980 from \$120.5 million to \$355.0 million. One-third of cereal consumption in 1980, including almost all rice and wheat, was imported.

Senegal has used heavy foreign borrowing to cover its deficits and total external debt reached \$1.2 billion at the end of 1980, while debt servicing is estimated at nearly 30 per cent of export earnings for 1981-82.

The International Monetary Fund abandoned discussions about a three-year extended fund facility for Senegal after the Government failed to adhere to restrictions on central government spending and did not fulfil its commitment to reduce the subsidy on the 400,000 tonnes of rice which it imports annually.

Instead, the fund is negotiating help for Senegal on an annual basis. Last year, it agreed to allow it 100 per cent of its quota of SDR 63 million and Dakar is optimistic that aid on the same scale will be available this year. Other aid donors, including France, have also stepped up their economic ass-

- Financial Times news feature



ering Palestine to the Israclis, without the consent of the Palestinians or even the knowledge of his own people. Mohammed Anwar el-Sadat

was, therefore, an extraordinary despot. In the 20th century, he was acting as the pharoahs did in the remote

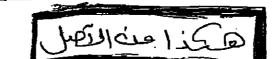
Sadat was a strange experience in the recent history of the world. Born in an authoritarian family and society, he changed roles from an Arab nationalist to a pro-fascist, from a military man to the top civilian post in his country. Sadat also changed from a successor to President Nasser to a man who reversed all Nasser policies.

The one-man ruler misunderstood the nature of American democracy. He thought America was similar to the Arab World. In the Arab East, when one ruler kisses and hugs another and they agree on

sent of the Canadian people. The Egyptian president's willingness to sell Palestine in order to recover Sinai "in the interest of peace" endeared him to the media. But there was one major problem: The Palestinians refused to be sold. and therefore no peace has

been possible. It is evident by now that peace in Palestine can be established only as the result of a dialogue between the Israelis and the Palestinians. Sadat was a mirage, not a peacemaker. Whether he was "ass-assinated" or "executed" could be debated. However, one thing is sure: He was the victim of his pharoah mania.

We should now start from square one and try to promote an Israeli-PLO dialogue. which alone can lead to true peace in Palestine and in the Middle East. Even Jimmy Carter has come to recognize this point.



# EGONOVY

## France to buy Siberian gas

PARIS, Jan. 23 (R) — France today signed a 25-year contract with the Soviet Union for a large supply of natural gas which will be delivered through the Siberian pipeline starting in 1984.

The state-run Gaz de France company, which refused to reveal the agreed price, said it signed a contract for eight billion cubic metres (282 billion cubic feet) of Soviet gas per year after negotiating into the early hours of the

morning. France, which is heavily dependent on oil and gas imports, signed the contract the maximum planned amount per year and resisted United States pressure to limit or scrap the deal because of

the Polish crisis. The U.S. argued that the controversial Siberian: pipeline plan, linking Soviet gas to West European clients, could create a str-

ategically dangerous energy dependence.

But political sources said French President François Mitterrand personally decided to maintain participation in building the pipeline, due to be completed in 1984, and in purchasing the Soviet gas.

They said the president argued that the Soviet gas would represent no more than five per cent of France's estimated 232 million tonnes of oil equivalent energy needs in 1990.

Mr. Mitterrand's Socialist government has also decided to let French firms go ahead with contracts worth 4.5 billion francs (\$775 million) for equipment for the Siberian pipeline.

The decision for continued French and West German participation in the project was taken

despite an embargo by President Reagan which forced U.S. supplier General Electric out of the

Industry sources said negotiations were continuing this weekend for a similar gas deal with Algeria.

The sources said the Algerian contract should be signed soon following the conclusion of the Soviet deal which put the French on record with a price.

The sources said the Soviet contract was for \$4.75 per million British thermal units (BTU) but a spokesman for Gaz de France refused any comment and said the figure was pure speculation.

The conclusion of both contracts would mean France would receive roughly 10 per cent of its energy needs from Algeria and the Soviet Union by 1990, the sources

## Oil glut boosts trading in gasoil

world oil glut and consequent since Tuesday. lower prices has led to an upsurge of trading in gasoil, used mainly for heating, on London's new international petroleum exchange.

Trading hit a record level yesterday and prices fell by up to \$3 a tonne yesterday, attracting continuing heavy interest from buyers, traders said.

In the first hour of trading 650 lots of 1,000 tonnes were sold. compared with 700 Thursday when a record 3,296 lots were traded during the day. The recent daily average is around 1,500 lots and the previous record of 2,714 lots was established in October.

The London market, which opened last April, deals in gasoil for future delivery. Traders said prices for February have fallen by

LONDON, Jan. 23 (R) - The almost \$15 a tonne to \$299.50

Traders said the fall was highly unusual because heavy buying normally pushes up prices and Europe's abnormally cold winter could also have been expected to lead to increases.

They said the sharp drop had been caused by a glut of oil on the Rotterdam spot market, which trades in sales of crude oil and refined products not covered by long-term contracts and is generally considered to be the oil industry's price barometer.

The permium on gasoil prices in Rotterdam has dropped from \$30 a tonne to \$10 recently with many U.S. and Soviet cargoes still unsold, traders said. Crude oil prices

The amount of money in the

# **Increase in M-1 prompts** rise in U.S. interest rates

NEW YORK, Jan. 23 (R) - Int- much faster than the Federal Reserest rates rose on U.S. money markets yesterday after the New York Federal Reserve bank reported that the key M-1 measure of money supply showed a \$700 million increase in the week ending January 13.

Economists had been forecasting a decrease in M-1, the amount of money in circulation plus bank accounts, after it leapt-\$10.4 billion in the previous week.

They said the Federal Reserve Board, the U.S. central bank, would now be under pressure to stem the growth in money supply. This would push up interest rates and potentially delay the U.S. economy's recovery from recession, they said.

U.S. economy is now increasing

erve's target for 1982 and investors feared that it might tighten credit further.

The bank's policy has been to try to win a lasting reduction in the U.S. inflation rate by controlling the growth of the money supply.

In the bond market, traders marked down prices in immediate reaction to the money supply figures, thus pushing up interest rates. The dollar, boosted by the higher rates, rose on foreign exc-

hange markets. The rise in rates was particularly noticeable in short-term markets. Yields on three-month treasury bills ended the day at 13.40 per cent, more than half a percentage point above Thursday's close. Tim Howard of Wells Fargo

Bank in San Francisco said the

Federal Reserve Board would reduce the growth of reserves in the banking system unless the increase in money supply slowed down in coming weeks.

Possible measures could include a rise in the federal bank's discount rate, now at 12 per cent, economists said.

A further rise in U.S. interest rates would be in sharp contrast with a widespread downward trend in rates in other industrialised countries.

European monetary sources said earlier that European countries and Japan had informally decided to stimulate their economies by cutting interest rates. Official rates in West Germany, Britain, France and the Netherlands have all dropped this

## Uganda picks up slowly under Milton Obote

Michael Holman, recently in Kampala, reports on President Milton Obose's remarkable success in leading Uganda towards recovery after nearly 10 years of economic devastation under Idi Amin.

To hear President Milton Obote of Uganda extol the virtues of a mulit-party parliamentary democracy, a market force economy, and the merits of foreign investment, is to witness one of Africa's neatest political somersaults.

When toppled from power by former president Idi Amin in 1971, Mr. Obote led a de facto one-party state, in which there had been no elections since independence in 1962, and which had an increasingly centralised - and struggling — socialist economy.

But a year after winning the December 1980 election, Africa's P: born-again pragmatist is presiding over a slow but nonetheless remarkable recovery of an economy devastated by nearly ten years of Amin and a war of liberation.

Such is his diplomatic skill that Mr. Obote has mustered a wideranging combination of allies.

The United States is increasing its small military aid programme. this year (1982), at the same time as a 40-strong contingent of North Korean military instructors arr-

holds the finance portfolio, outlined a budget which set out a range of economic measures. The package, which required both fiscal discipline and political courage, was widely regarded as Uganda's last chance of recovery. The preceding three administrations had been marked by incompetence, corruption and fac-

tional infighting, prompting cit-

izens and foreigners alike to wonder whether Uganda had become ungovernable.

Whatever his record, Mr. Obote has brought a stamp of experience and authority to the administration. The budget, drawn up in consultation with advisers from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), included floating the Ugandan shilling, raising agricultural prices, lifting most price controls. restricting domestic credit and stringently controlling foreign exchange allocations.

"The overall opinion is that the budget is working," says one aid economist - though stressing that economic recovery will be slow and painful, with severe foreign exchange constraints until the mid

The shilling rose from the prebudget rate of eight to the dollar to 85, and as a result the black marofficial rate to three. Producer prices of coffee, tea, sugar, cotton and tobacco have quadrupled, and as a result agricultural output is up and smuggling -- particularly of

The minimum wage has been raised from 400 shilling (\$5.13) to 1,050 shiling a month — altough it is still a pittance. A bunch of matoke, the staple food made from green bananas, costs 350 to 400 shilling in Kampala and feeds a family for barely a week. Upper income salaries have risen only 8 per cent.

Economic management is being strengthened by the presence of IMF assistants at the central bank and the appointment earlier last year of Morgan Grenfell as financial consultants. For the first time, an accurate picture of the country's muddled affairs is eme-

External debt at the end of June 1981 is put at \$737 million plus unverified short-term debts of \$200 million. Of the \$737 million, 56 per cent was due for repayment before 1984 -- hence November's meeting of creditors in Paris which reached agreement on rescheduling.

"The meeting also served to restore our credibility in the international community," says ambassador Ephraim Kamuptu, economic assistant to Mr. Obote. The next step is a World Bankchaired consultative group meeting in Paris in April, by which time the government should have completed its two-year investment plan.

Other external asistance has

negotiated a SDR 112.5 million (about \$132 million) standby arrangement with the IMF last June, together with the drawing of SDR 45 million under the compensatory finance facility. SDR 77.5 million has been drawn so far under the standby, with a further SDR 25 million due in February and the balance by mid-year. Negotiations have already begun for what officials call a "substantial" IMF extended financing facility which they hope will take

effect from June this year. Most donors appear to accept Uganda's commitment to war debts. The government is making reparations to Tanzania - whose forces overthrew Amin, and some 1,500 of whom remain in the country -- of \$125 million over the next 30 months, and a further \$29 million to Zambia, according to Western diplomats.

Although the British company Mitchell Cotts is once again operating its tea estates (nationalised in the mid-1970s) the most encouraging source of private investment is probably India. recently visited by the President.

A Bill, paving the way for the restoration of Asian assets confiscated under Amin. comes before parliament next session and several Indian businessmen have visited Uganda in the wake of Mr. Obote's visit. On other fronts, however, news

is not so encouraging. Random killings in and around Kampala conalready come through. Uganda tinue. Accurate figures are dif-

.... Cairo (EA)

lomats believe that some 300 people were killed in the last three months of 1981 in a triangle of territory around Kampala. Some of the deaths may be the work of bandits, but there seems little doubt that others are the work of the ill-disciplined army and mil-

Over the past year, say diplomats, several thousand people have been detained without trial -- though 3,000 of those held in jails when Mr. Obote came to power have been released.

Government officials dispute the figures for killings and arrests but argue that the government has been forced to respond to "terrorism" - a reference to the five armed opposition groups who claim to be active in the country. Most observers believe that

these groups do not pose a real threat to the government, as they are without sources of weapons, or bases - none of the neighbouring countries knowingly provide refuge -- and are poorly trained.

Meanwhile, Kampala remains a battered city: but more shops have opened, with more goods on the shelves. Buses are beginning to operate and people venture out after dark. "Three of our cars were stolen in 10 days in November",, said the head of one diplomatic mission, "and all were recovered. Things are getting bet-

-- Financial Times news feature

## **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

### Big oil finds in Pakistan

KARACHI, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - Drillers of an American oil company recently struck crude oil "as od as that of Saudi Arabia at three wells near nere, according to a Pakistani minister.

Pakistani Minister of Petroleum and Natural Resources Gen. Farman Ali said the Union Texas Oil Company is successfully producing 2,000 barrels a day at the three wells in Khaskheli village, about 210 kilometres northwest of Karachi.

Speaking at a press conference at the site of the vells, Gen. Ali said a fourth is expected to strike a ein while a fifth is being planned.

Gen. Ali said crude oil produced here in the sind region is now ready for transportation to the Karachi oil refinery, and that oil products would e available on the local market from next April.

### Libya promises Italy to cutback oil prices

ROME, Jan. 23 (R) - Libya has told Italy it is ready to cutback oil prices to more competitive levels. Italian foreign ministry officials said last

They were speaking after three days of talks with a Libyan delegation led by Foreign Liaison Secretary (Foreign Minister) Abdel Ati Obeidi.

They said the Italian state oil energy corporation ENI had agreed in principle to increase its purchases of Libyan crude.

ENI's oil subsidiary Agip cut its imports of Libyan oil by 210,000 barrels a day last year after Libya refused to cut its price significantly below

Other European countries also refused to pay the Libyan price and U.S. oil companies, under pressure from President Reagan, broke links with Libya completely.

As a result. Libyan output plunged to less than half its preferred level of 1.5 million barrels a day.

### S. Africa's inflation down

PRETORIA, Jan. 23 (R) — South Africa's rate of inflation fell to 13.9 per cent last year from 15.8 per cent in 1980, according to official figures.

The statistics indicated some success for the government's tighter monetary policy in getting the rate down from a peak of 16.2 per cent in March last year.

Inflation in 1980 was the highest for any calendar year and coincided with booming gold prices which swept money into the coffers of the world's largest gold producer.

As gold prices fell last year and a strict monetary policy with higher interest rates made itself felt, the growth in the money supply slowed and inflation gradually decreased.

# 

## JORDAN TELEVISION

### CHANNEL 3 . Cartoons ... Children's programmes ... Programme Preview . Programme on Sports . Arabic Series

### CHANNEL 6

ı		
ı	6:00	French programme
1	7:00	Nows in French
ļ	7:30	News in Hebrew
Ì	8:00	
1		
J	9:10	My Father's House
1	10-04	News in English
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## ..... Arabic Series 10:10 News in Arabic

Local Cultural Programme

# RADIO JORDAN

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7:00	Sign on
7:01	Sign on Morning Show
7-30	News Bulletin
7-40	·Morning Show
10-6n	News Headines
10-20	Morning Show News Headlines Pop Session
11:00	To and a restriction of
12-00	Sign off
12:00	Prince News Headines
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13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News Bulletin
14:10	News Bulletin
14:30	. Invention and Discoveries
15:00	Concert Flour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Instrumentals Old Favourites
17:00	Listeners Choice News Summary Lazz Hour
18:00	News Summary
18:03	lazz Hour
19:00	Newsdesk .
19:30	Instrumentals
20:00	Evening Show
21:00	

## **BBC WORLD SERVICE**

639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 64:30 Marching and Waltzing 04:45 Financial Review 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; British Press Review 05:15 Letterbox 05:30 Golden Treasury 05:45 Letter from America 06:00 Newsdesk 96:30 Jazz for the asking 07:06 World News; News about Britain 07:15 From Our Own Correspondent 07:30 Classical Record Review 67:45 The End of the Aff-00 World News; Reflections

08:15 The Pleasure's Yours 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 People and Politics 09:45 Sports Review 10:15 Twentieth Century Folk 10:30 Religious Service 11:00 World News; News About Britain 11:15 Letter from America 11:30 Play of the Week 12:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 13:00 World News; Commentary 13:15 Good Books 13:30 World Service Short Story 13:45 The Sandi Jones Request Show 14:30 Smash of the Day: The Navy Lark 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Concert Hall 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 From our own Correspondent 16:35 Financial Review 16:45 Letter from America 17:00 World News: Meridian 17:40 Reflections 17:45 Sportscall 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Murder 19:00 Country Style 19:15 Radio Theatre: The Wonderful O 20:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Letterbox 20:30 Sunday Half-Hour 21:00 is Sin Out of Date? 21:15 The Pleasure's Yours 22:00 World News 22:09 Science in Action 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sportscall 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Letter from America 23±30 A Touch of Genius

### **VOICE OF AMERICA**

GMT
03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:3
News on the hour and 28 min, after
each hour 17:00 News and New
Products (USA) 17:15 Critics Cho
ice 17:39 Studio One 18:00 Specia
English: News/Words and their
stories, feature "People in Ame
rica" 18:30 Music USA (Sta
ndards) 19:00 News and Topica
Reports 19:15 News Horizon
19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 Spe
cial English; News/Words and their
stories 20:15 The Concert Hai
21:00 News and New Product
USA 21:15 Critics Choice 21:30
Studio One
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NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to ormation department at Amman the arrival or departure of the flight.

ARRIVALS:	
8:00	Cairo (EA
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9:15	. Dubai, Abu Dhal
9:30	Jedda
9:40	Kuwa
10:10	Bein
11:05	Riyadh (SV
14-06	Jeddah (SV
15:35	Kuwait (KAC
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10:30	Cair
16:45	Tripoli, Tun
17:00	Ather
17:10	Par
17:30	Paris, Londo
17:45	. New York, Vienn
17:50	Brussels, Genev
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20.30	Beirut (MEA
20:30	Frankfurt (Ll

	DEPARTURES:
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•	6:45	Beirut
•	7:00	Aqaba
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		Frankfurt
		Rome
		Atbens
	11:30	Cairo
	12:05	Riyadh (SV)
	13:00	Cairo
	15:00	Jeddah (SV)
	16:30	Kuwait (KAC)
		Beirut
	18:45	Abu Dhabi
	19:00	Kuwait
	19:15	Dhahran
	19:30	Jeddah
	19:45	Baghdad
	20:15	Baghdad
	20:30	Dubai, Muscat
	20:45	Bahrain, Doha
	21:15	Bangkok
		Baghdad
	42.40	

the Jordan Times by the Alia inf-Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should atways be verified by phone before

Cairo (EA,:
Aqaba
Đubai, Abu Dhabi
Jeddah
Kuwait
Beirut
Jeddah (SV)
Kuwait (KAC)
, Tripoli, Tunis
Athens
Paris
Paris, London
New York, Vienna
Brussels, Geneva
Cairo
Athens, Zurich (SR)
Rome
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Frankfurt (LH)

## 01:00

DEPARTURES:	
3:30	Cairo
6:45	Beirut
7:00	Aqaba
	London (BA)
9:00	Rome (Alitalia)
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	Baghdad
	Dubai. Muscat
	Bahrain, Doha
	Bangkok
	Baghdad
02:00	Cairo (EA)
02.00	CAUU (E.K.)

**EMERGENCIES** 

·
DOCTORS:
Irbid:
Zarqa:
PHARMACIES:
Amman:
Al Arabiya Al Kubra 23141
Abu Ghazaleh25290
Ya qoub 44945
Al Quds 21370
Zarqa: Al Hikma(—)
Irbid:

## Faisal AJ Buri

### **CULTURAL CENTRES** American Centre ..... British Council ... ..... 36147-8 French Cultural Centre .... 37009 Spanish Cultural Centre .... 24049

Turkish Cultural Centre ... 39777

Haya Arts Centre ...... 65195 Al Hussein Youth City ..... 67181

Y.W.C.A. ..... 41793

Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library

Y.W.M.A. .....

## **SERVICE CLUBS**

Lions 1	Philadelp	hia Club	. Meetings
every	second	and fou	ırık Wed-
nesday	at the G	irand Pal	ace Hotel,
1.30 p	.m.		
Lions	Amman	Club.	Meetings

every first and third Wednesday at

the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

### MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. + p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64240. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: costumes, weapons, musical ins-

### truments, etc. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains

a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabai Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

### **CHURCHES**

Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luw-

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman 24590 De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein 66428 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23585

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh 75261 Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh 71331 Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at

### Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani 63249 **PRAYER TIMES**

Fair	5:13
Sunrise	6:39
Maghreb	5:01
·Asr	

## LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

Lebanese pound	72.3/72.9
Syrian pound	
Iraqi dinar	625/630.8
Kuwaiti dinar	. 1205.3/1209
Egyptian pound	
Qatari riyal	94/94.5
UAE dirham	93.2/93.6
Omani riyal	988,4/995
U.S. dollar	341 343
U.K. sterling	634.9.638.7
W. German mark	
Swiss franc	183.1/184.2
French franc	57.6/57.9
Italian lire	
(for every 100)	27.4/27.6
Japanese yen	
(for every 100)	. 149.7/150.6
Dutch guilder	133.9/134.7
Belgian franc	86 3/86 7

### Swedish crown **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS

	18
Ambulance (government)	75111
Civil Defence rescue	61111
lordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 711	25-6-7-8
Police headquarters	39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English	spoken)
24 hours a day for emergency	1, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 922	
Jordan Television	73111
Radio Jordan	

V	Firstaid, fire, police
	Firstaid, fire, police
	Fire headquarters
	Cablegram or telegram
	Telephone:
	Information
	Jordan and Middle East trunk calls

Overseas radio and satellite calls .

### Telephone maintenance and repair service .... MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 230	120		
Eggplant (small) 130	100	Broad Beans	320
Eggplant (large)120	90	Apples (Golden)250	200
Potatoes (imported)	90	Apples (Double Red) 250	200
Marrow (small)	100	Apples (Starken) 230	180
Marrow (large)90	60	Lemons130	100
Cucumber (small)	500	Oranges (Abu surra)240	200
Cucumber (large)	350	Oranges (Shamouti) 180	140
Hot Green Pepper	220	Oranges (local)	70
Sweet Pepper	150	Oranges (French)	100
Cabbage	120	Cauliflowers90	70
Onions (dry)	100	Tangerine	170
Green onions	120	Bomali180	120
Garlie	300	Саттот	120
Spinach90	60	Turnips140	100
Coconut (piece)	300	Chestnut 520	450
Beans	300	Grapefruit90	70
Bananas		Beet 140	100
Bananas (Mukammar)	200	Lettuce (a head)	40
Local Potatoes	180	Mandarine oranges	150

## Windies hands Australia a cricket lesson

MELBOURNE, Jan. 23 (A.P.) -The West Indies handed Australia a cricket lesson when it beat them by 86 runs in the first final of the Benson and Hedges one day internationals at the Melbourne Cricket Ground (MCG) here today. The Windies ended their innings this morning at 216 for eight

after 49 overs. All Australia could manage was a dismal 130 before they were all dismissed in 37.4 overs.

It was a particularly poor start for Australia, who reinforced public opinion that the home side would find it hard to win the finals series against the powerful tou-

The man who turned the match around was champion batsman Viv Richards, who knocked a bri-Iliant 78 in 144 minutes.

Richards showed some of the vintage strokes that have made him arguably the world's number one batsman.

He gave a great display of driing and cutting as he slammed six poundaries and one spectacular

six off 96 deliveries. Richards and opener Gordon Greenidge helped their side on to victory with a magnificent 112

partnership in 107 minutes. Australia now need to win tomorrow to keep their hopes alive of winning the finals and go to Sydney with a 1-1 score.

Caltex CX.To

multigrade that a l

API-SF requirements to

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It even exceeds the latest

**DUE TO CONTRACT** 

**COMPLETION THE FOLLOWING** 

ITEMS ARE FOR SALE:

2 No. 15-tonne crawler cranes

1 No Alpha A 501 tower crane

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advanced m

this area

The controversial MCG wicket still played its part in the outcome

West Indian captain Clive Llovd said the pitch played une-

"But what can you say about this wicket that hasn't been said

before," he said. "It does not play truly, it's still a working wicket." But Lloyd, who was obviously pleased with his

team's win, said he had played on worse pitches in Pakistan. Some of the wickets over there were far worse than anywhere else I played - in Karachi it was ter-

rible." he said. But if you can get 170 on the Melbourne wicket it is a tall order

for the opposition to make the tar-Australia's vice-captain Kim

Hughes also blamed the MCG wicket for Australia's loss. "The balls at times would leap over your head yet at other times

kept just so low," he said.
"But we didn't bowl well at all and should not have let them get

past 150. "But you can't get away from the performance of the wicket it's just atrocious. People in Melbourne give us more support than anywhere else and this strip does not allow cricketers to play their best and so the crowds miss out on entertaining cricket."

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Mgine run smoother.

Prost wins S. African Grand Prix

## 29 drivers suspended from racing

KYALAMI, South Africa, Jan. 23 (R) - Twenty nine drivers were suspended from motor racing minutes after the end of the South African Grand Prix today, race organisers said.

The announcement followed the drivers' protest which almost caused the cancellation of the opening World Championships event of the season.

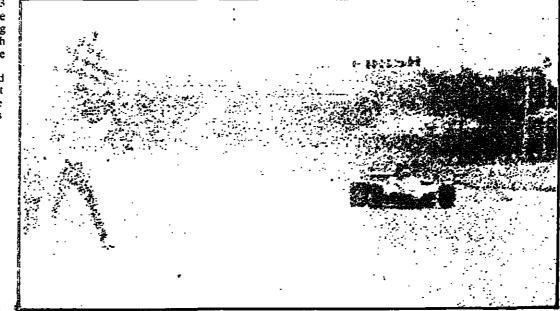
Francis Tucker, chief steward of the South African Grand Prix, said: "For the purpose of running the race a temporary truce was called in the disagreement between drivers and officials.

This truce lasted until the end of the race. At the end of the race the truce agreement was terminated.

The drivers staged a one-day strike on Thursday when they boycotted the first official practice session for today's race.

Their protest was over clauses in a so-called super licence introduced by the sport's governing body-the International Motor Sport Federation (FISA)--which they claimed barred them from negotiating new contracts during the season. They also said the licence prevents them criticising the governing body and the constructors.

The strike was called off yes-



Kyalami Grand Prix winner, Alain Prost receives the chequered flag as he completes the race in his

Renault in a time of 1 hour 32 minutes 8.4 seconds. (A.P. Wirephoto)

terday, just before the race dea-World title favourite Alain Prost, driving a Renault, won

today's race. Carlos Reutemann finished

second in a Williams, Rene Amoux was third in another Renault. and Niki Lauda, making a comeback to Grand Prix racing after a two-vear layoff was fourth in a

Keke Rosberg's Williams was fifth. John Watson's McLaren sixth and Michele Alboreto of Italy was seventh in a Tyrell.

Eighth was the Lotus driven by Elio de Angeles. Eliseo Salazar was ninth in an ATS, followed by teammate Manfred Winkelhock.

The results confirmed the superiority in speed at mile-high Kvalami of the turbo-charged engines

that drove the Renaults, Ferraris and Brabhams. But it also revealed their mechanical delicacy, as three of the turbos, including both Brabhams, dropped out with engine problems, and Pironi's Ferrari was in and out of the pits throughout the race.

Prost's victory toast with a huge silver cup ended up getting him wetter outside then in, as the cup's base broke off, spilling the wine.

## Soviets plan a dozen warm-ups for World Cup

MOSCOW, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - The Soviet Union will play 12 to 15 soccer matches in Europe and Latin America to warm up for the World Cup toumament in Spain, coach Konstantin Beskov rep-

"Opponents will be the national teams of Argentina. Greece and Finland, and club sides in a number of countries," Beskov said at a press conference yesterday in Moscow. TASS news agency reported.

We plan to make another trip to Spain where we hope to play at the stadiums where the games of the championships will be staged. We also wanted to play the team of Brazil but the managers of that national team declined." he was quoted as saving.

The Soviets were drawn into Group 6 of the first round, along with Brazil, Scotland and New Zealand. Brazil, one of the six seeded teams, is favouted to reach the second round, with the Russians and Scots rated about even in the battle for the

Assessing Group 6. Beskov said, "the British told me that today the team of Scotland is the strongest in the British Isles. I have heard contradictory evaluations about New Zealand. Its backbone is former players of British professional clubs. As for the Brazilians, their strength is known to all."

Beskov said he was pleased that Soviet players reacted "seriously and correctly" to the results of the draw. "They all realise that success can be achieved only in struggle to which one must devote all one's energy to the end."

Beskov said he already has a main lineup in mind, and that changes could be caused only by injuries to players who made a good showing in the last two years. "No doubt about it, the results shown by the USSR team during the past two years are gratifying but we should assess them objectively and have no illusions about ourselves or about our rivals in Spain." he said.

Soviet players compare favourably with the best members of top foreign sides' he said, adding that the team would be psychologically prepared to put up a performance of the highest class in Spain.

Over the last two years. Beskov noted a great improvement in Soviet skills in passing, dribbling, interception and regaining possession of the ball, kicking and heading the ball into the goal.

He singled out the improvement of Soviet ful-

lbacks and rated Alexander Chivadze among the world's best in that position.

# Aristocrats tumble in F.A. Cup

LONDON, Jan. 23 (R) — English soccer aristocrats West Ham tumbled out of the English Football Association (F.A.) Cup in one of today's major fourth round ups-

ets. First division West Ham, noted for their cultured soccer, crashed 2-0 to second division Watford. Second half goals by Northern Ireland international Gerry Armstrong and Nigel Callaghan toppled West Ham, who won the cup

two years ago. Third division Oxford United provided another surprise when they trounced division one Brighton 3-0.

Holders Tottenham reached the last 16 with a 1-0 win over Leeds, while favourites Liverpool underlined they are finding their best form after an indifferent spell by thrashing Sunderland 3-0.

Ipswich sustained their bid for

all three domestic trophies -- F.A. Cup. League Cup and First Division Championship -- when they survived a spirited challenge from Luton to win 2-0.

Brighton's downfall against a mid-table Oxford side started with a first-half goal by Keith Cassells and was completed when Peter Foley scored twice in eight min-

Garth Crooks hit Tottenham's winner against Leeds in the 72nd minute, while Scottish international Kenny Dalglish lauached Liverpool on course for success over Sunderland with two goals in 10 minutes in the first half.

Ipswich had to wait until midway through the second half before Scotland striker Alan Brazil put them ahead against Luton.

But Ipswich, for whom skipper and England defender Mick Mills was playing his 700th game, decisively tilted the balance when Eric Gates grabbed two late goals.

Southampton, knocked out of the cup in the previous round, stepped up their first division title challenge with a 3-1 win over Arsenal which lifted them to second

David Puckett scored two of the goals in only his second full match to leave Southampton with 37 points from 21 games behind Ipswich on 38 from 18 matches. Manchester United, who cru-

shed stoke 3-0, are third on 36 points after 20 games. Southampton's success ended a

sequence of six consecutive wins by Arsenal, who led after 19 minutes when Irish international defender David O'Leary got his first goal of the season.

David Armstrong equalised just before halftime and Puckett, a 21-year-old striker drafted in for his home debut in place of the injured Steve Moran, who netted in the 63rd and 70th minutes.

Stoke, 18th in the 22-team division, were jolted by an early goal from Steve Coppell but held Manchester United to that slim lead until Frank Stapleton and Garry Birtles each scored in the last three minutes.

Everton climbed to fifth spot on 33 points from 22 games behind Manchester City with a 3-0 victory over struggling Wolverhampton.

Surprise results were not confined to the cup. Notes County toppled former European Cha-

DE LUXE FURNISHED

mpions and city rivals Not-tingham; Forest 2-0 in the only other first division game today.

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## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

. 1981 by Chicago Tribuna

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH **♦** K 95

**♣**3107 WEST **♦ J 1072** ♥ K 8743 

**+653** ♣ K 4 SOUTH **↑** A 6,3 

Pass Pass

+ AQ982 The bidding: South West North East 1 ♣ Pass 1 ♦ Pass 2 NT Pass 3 NT Pass

Opening lead: Jack of  ${\mathfrak C}$ . It is not easy to see where declarer can develop an extra chance at his three no trump contract. But there was one, and by unearthing it. South

landed a game that seemed

destined for defeat. The auction straightforward. South's jump to two no trump showed 19-20 points, and North's five-card suit and good intermediates were just enough to sway him to raise

to game. West led the jack of hearts, and when dummy came down declarer could count four tricks in the major suits, plus the ace of clubs. Therefore, he had to develop

four more in the minor suits to make his contract. That would be a simple matter if the club finesse succeeded But what if it failed?

In that case, the defenders would knock out the remaining heart stopper before declarer could establish a dia. mond for his ninth trick. Whichever defender won the ace of diamonds would then be able to continue hearts. enabling the defenders to cash their tricks to defeat the

contract. Declarer, therefore, decided to play on diamonds first. However, after winning the first heart trick it would not have done to lead a diamond from the closed hand. East would win and force out the ace of hearts, and declarer would still have to concede a club trick and with it the con-

Declarer found the superior play of crossing to the king of spades and leading a low diamond from the table. East perforce rose with the ace, so declarer was able to bring in the diamond suit, with the help of a mark, ed finesse, after winning the ace of hearts.

Note that, had East played low and had the king of diamonds won the trick, declarer would abandon diamonds and play on clubs -- four club tricks would then be enough. And if the king of diamonds lost to the ace, declarer would have the queen as an entry to the table to take the club finesse for his contract.

Olympic Games in Moscow

where Ovett won the 800 metres

and Coe took the gold medal in

Both run faster at their dis-

tances than anyone in the United

States, which did not take part in

the Moscow Games. Ovett holds

the world record for 1,500 metres

and Coe holds the 800 and one-

3,000 metres at London's Cyrstal

Palace July 17, followed by an 800

metres race in Nice Aug. 14 and a

one-mile clash in Eugene, Ore-

resume training until March and

he may decide that will not give

him enough time to get into shape

for the 1982 season, today's rep-

Ovett is now not expected to

The pair are due to meet over

the 1,500.

mile marks.

gon, Sept. 25.

## **Injury to Ovett puts** clash with Coe in doubt

LONDON, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - A tain's two best middle distance scheduled three-race clash next runners of all time and are fiere summer between Britain's rival rivals for the world's number one Olympic track stars Steve Ovett spot. They last met at the 1980 and Sebastian Coe may be scrapped because of a leg injury to Ovett, British press reported today. They said the injury also may keep the runner out of the European Games in Athens in September and the Commonwealth Games in Brisbane the following month.

Ovett, 26, who was married in September, punctured several muscles above the right knee when he collided with some church railings during a training run just before Christmas. His leg

was put in plaster from thigh to Although the plaster was removed at the beginning of the year, infection set in, preventing the

athlete from resuming winter tra-

orts said. The runner himself was
Overt and Coe arguably are Brinot available for comment. Christin Cooper of U.S. scores her first World Cup ski victory

BERCHTESGADEN, West Germany, Jan. 23 (R) — Christin Cooper of the United States scored her first World Cup ski victory today when she won a women's slaiom here.

But Erika Hess of Switzerland, never lower than third in previous World Cup statoms this season, made sure of winning the overall World Cup slalom championship despite failing to score after missing a gate on her second run. Liechtenstein's Ursula Konzett, who had to win to stand a chance

of overtaking Hess's 120 points, could manage only third place behind Perrine Pelen of France. The jubilant Cooper, a 22-year-old from Sun Valley, came second

in five World Cup slalom and giant slalom events last year but had never previously won a race.

In today's first leg she was eclipsed by fellow-American Tamara McKinney, but turned in a fast 46,14 seconds on her second run to overtake the rest of the field.

Her combined winning time was one minute 36.53 seconds, quarter of a second faster than Pelen.

## Stanley Floyd runs fastest 50-yard dash ever recorded

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 23 (A.P.) — Stanley Floyd ran the fastest 50-yard dash ever indoors and Mary Decker-Tabb recorded the best women's mile in history on the boards in last night's Sunkist track

Floyd, reagaining the form that made him the world's top-rated sprinter in 1980, won the 50 in 5.22 seconds. He came back a half-hour later to win the 60-yard dash in 6.10.

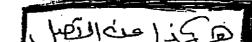
The former top time for the indoor 50 was 5.25 by Houston McTear four years ago.

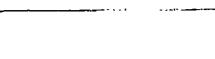
Decker-Tabb, who missed the 1981 track season with injuries. clipped 4.1 seconds off the women's world best for the indoor mile with a 4:24.6 clocking. Francie Larrieu had the previous best of 4:28.5. Larrieu finished second in the Sunkist in 4:36.4, and Joan Hansen was third in 4:36.5.

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## FEATURES

# 345 Park Avenue: haven for the homeless

By Scott Kraft and Nancy Shulins . The Associated Press

NEW YORK — They look like something from a trash heap: cardboard boxes in the frigid darkness, hugging the wall of a bank on New York's prestigious Park Avenue. But they are homes.

They are homes for the box peo- inside boxes for insulation. One

Boxes are where Mary, Frank and Charlie survived last week, when record-breaking cold killed more than 200 Americans. And boxes are where they'll try to survive bitter cold again this week.

"It's all in your mind, really, the cold," says Charlie Buchanan, 48, a gap-toothed, grizzled man who seems oblivious to the stinging sleet that pelts his face as he peers from his box.

One night last week during the worst of it, when the air felt like ice and half a foot of show sent thousands of shivering Ner Yorkers home early, many of the city's 36.000 homeless sought refuge in city shelters.

But there are only 4,000 beds for the destitute homeless in this city. So some street people took all-night subway rides. Others slept in Grand Central Station or

the port authority bus terminal. Charlie, May Byrd, and Frank Jamot went home to a cluster of cardboard cartons, covered with mailing labels and stamped:

"Handle with care". The temperature was well below freezing. But the sturdy cardboard boxes are "warm as toast at maybe 40 degrees (5 degrees C.)," Frank says. He spent nearly an hour lining a box with newspaper fished out of trash cans and with blankets he'd found.

This night, boxes were tucked

Unscramble these four Jumbles

four ordinary words

SARBS

YONJE

CUDISS

**DETHOB** 

one letter to each square, to form

man crawled into a carton and pulled a smaller box over his head. leaving his shoulders exposed as he lay on the concrete. Charlie fit his boxes together like interiocking puzzle pieces, adjusted to his height and girth.

"It's warmer in a box than in those flophouses (cheap rooming houses). And every night we get new ones," says Charlie, who wears a knit cap and four layers of dirty sweaters and jackets.

Whenever I get asked where I live, I tell people 345 Park Avenue. "Course I don't have no phone," quips 55-year-old Al Kraft, a dapper veteran of 17 homeless winters, who chooses a subway car over Alcarton this bitter evening.

Their walls may be only of cardboard, but the box people of Park Avenue are a community nonetheless. They spend their days trying to earn enough money to keep from starving and their nights scavenging fresh living quarters to keep from freezing.

Taking care of Mary, a 23year-old woman in the group, is almost a full-time job for the men. They call her "just a baby," and take turns leaving hamburgers, coffee and cakes outside her box.

"She's not nuts, but she's dreaming." Frank says of the wisp of a woman who cringes inside her carton. When approached by a stranger and asked a question, she

STRAIGHT ONE SHOULD FOLLOW. THIS.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: LOOSE CHIME BUSILY SAILOR

Answer: What work meant for the doctor turned burglar—"HOUSE CALLS"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

dens and beneath giant sculptures. Clark Gable, the "King of Hollywood," who died in 1960 at the age of 59, lies in a vault next to that of Carole Lombard, the third of his five wives, who died in an air

invariably responds: "No, thank

you."
"She talks real intelligent -she's been to college. But she's living in a fantasy world," Frank says. Studies have suggested that half of the city's homeless are mentally disturbed.

By day, Mary huddles outside a subway entrance. There she stays until Frank comes to lead her the 50 paces to her choice spot alongside the bank building where, in another box. Charlie stands guard.

"She reminds me of my daughter," says Frank, who gives his occupation as junk collector.

The men earn a few dollars going through trash bins for junk, which they haul in a shopping cart to a scrap dealer. On days when the pickings are slim, they line up for sandwiches and soup at missions or handouts from restaurant

"We don't panhandle," Charlie says proudly.

The recent low temperatures

are dangerous. Capt. Clarence Peters on of the Salvation Army walks the Bowery, a downtown New York neighbourhood, in search of the homeless. He says some get drunk and fall asleep on the pavement, where they soon freeze

You literally have to pry them off with a shovel," Peterson said.

Dr. Lewis Goldfrank, director of emergency medical services at Bellevue Hospital, has seen many

frostbite victims in the past week. 'We've seen people looking dead with body temperatures as low as 66 degrees (19 degrees C.) and frostbite blisters on their feet," Dr. Goldfrank says.

Although it is against hospital policy to release anyone who has no place to go, Dr. Goldfrank says many homeless people make up addresses to avoid being sent to shelters. They prefer the odds of survival alone on cold pavements.

The spokesman said a burial

lace here could cost as much as

\$100,000 today or as little as \$300

for some of the 350,000 people

who are buried in the gardens

Errol Flynn, Hollywood's swa-

shbuckling star on and off the scr-

een, lies beneath a garden wall. He

died in 1959 at the age of 50, but

his family did not place a tablet at

his grave until last year, the spo-

The tablet reads: "In memory

Apart from burial sites from

They can wander through such

reproductions of masterpieces,

there is much for visitors to see.

areas as Whispering Pines, Eve-

rlasting Love, Kindly Light and

Babyland to the great mausoleum,

which a guide described as the

United States' Westminster

There are replicas of the Sco-

ttish church Wee Kirk O' the Hea-

ther, where Annie Laurie wor-

of our father from his loving chi-

along with the stars.

kesman said.

Abbev.

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### FOR RENT

Shmeisani area

### Where Hollywood keeps its dead and the spokesman said he could By Ronald Clarke A bust of Alan Ladd, wearing a not estimate how much it would marbled bucksin shirt from his "Each memorial is a sacred cost now.

Reusers

LOS ANGELES - Trumpets sound, curtains roll back, and revealed in all its colours is a giant stained-glass reproduction of Leonardo da Vinci's "The Last

A voice in full quadraphonic sound tells visitors to study the work in its many moods as electrically-controlled shutters change the lighting from dawn to

Nearby is "The Crucifixion" -"the world's largest religious painting" according to a spokesman.

And then there are reproductions of the greatest sculptures of Michelangelo -- "the only place in the world where they can be found together," the spokesman says. Amid this splendour at the for-

est lawn memorial gardens and behind wrought iron gates —"the largest in the world" — Hollywood says farewell to its dead.

In a setting no studio could ever match, the "greats" of the film world lie out of public view in vauits in marble halls, in private gar-

crash in 1942.

THE BETTER HALF

days as "Shane" and other cowboy film characters, stands in front of his vault. Nearby lies Jeanette MacDonald.

An Englishman recently travelled across the United States by bus to put flowers in a holder attached to the vault of Miss Mac-Donald, who was "pure gold" at the box office when she sang her duets with Nelson Eddy.

"The Englishman was so overeome with emotion he cried," the spokesman for the memorial gardens said.

Above Miss MacDonald, lies the body of Singer Nat King Cole. The marble vault simply bears the autograph in gold of "Nat Cole."

Comedienne Gracie Allen, who died in 1964, lies in a double vault awaiting her husband, George Burns, who is still packing in cinema and theatre audiences at the age of 85 Mary Pickford, "America's

Clara Bow, who has a plaque on her vault reading "Hollywood's it' girl." Comedian Ed Wynn, father of actor Keenan Wynn, also has a

plaque on his vault. It reads simply

sweetheart," is there along with

Thanks God.' The million visitors, including tourists, who come to the four forest lawn memorial gardens here each year are not shown the vaults

By Vinson

trust and only the family may grant the public access to these memorials," a booklet on the gardens says.

"There is also the fear some people would chip off pieces of the marble for souvenirs," the spokesman added when he gave a rare guided tour of the vaults recently.

But vendors outside the gardens sell what they claim are maps of the stars' burial places. Humphrey Bogart is there

along with stars who grew up with Hollywood, including Wallace Beery, Marie, Dressler, Richard Dix, John Gilbert, Victor McLaglen, Chico Marx, cowboy star Tom Mix and comedian Ben Tur-

When film producer Sam Goldwyn died, the entire 120 hectars of the biggest of the parks. Glendale, was closed so that all Hollywood could attend without being watched by the public, the spokesman said.

Goldwyn's studio, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, sent its own security guards to keep everything under control.

Walt Disney, the creator of Mickey Mouse and other cartoon characters, a shy man in public, lies in a private garden, his nameplate hidden from public view by a clump of trees.

Another private garden bears the one word "Tracy" in stone. It is the resting place of Spencer

Jean Harlow, Hollywood's platinum blonde, who died at the age of 26, lies in the wall of a private marbled chamber. The room cost \$25,000 when she died in 1937

shiped, and the church of St. Marvaret in England, which Rudyard Kipling attended.

There is the church of the hills, a replica of the New England meeting house in which the poet Henry Wadsworth Longfellow worshipped, and a reproduction of Boston's Old North Church, made famous by Paul Revere.

Religious services of all denominations have been held in the churches -- including more than 25,000 weddings, the spokesman said.

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vernment officials

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## **Peanuts**

Yeslerday's



Print answer here:





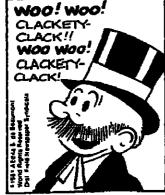


"Boss, if for no other reason, think about all the

WITNESSES!"

## Mutt 'n' Jeff









## Andy Capp







## FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JAN. 24, 1982

## YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You have excellent judgment today and can easily organize a plan to gain your most cherished aims. Study the philosophy of life you would like to follow in the future.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) A good time to study ways to become more successful in your line of endeavor. Take time for recreation later in the day. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Get in touch with wise

persons and discuss mutual interests. Make constructive plans for the new week. Be logical. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Your intuitive perceptions are working accurately now, so follow them and you

can solve many problems. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A good day to talk over mutual affairs with family members. Don't

neglect philosophical studies. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Show a sincere and loyal friend the depth of your appreciation. Take time to improve your health. Relax tonight.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Taking part in recreational activities now can help keep you in a better frame of mind. Make sure you spend your money wisely.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Concentrating on home affairs can make this a most productive day. Make plans to improve your surroundings. Relax tonight. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Attend the services that

can help you think along more idealistic concepts. Later engage in favorite hobby with congenials. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Plan how to have more income in the future. Use good judgment where

budgeting is concerned. Be more practical. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Concentrate on how to have more abundance in the future. Avoid persons who like to waste your valuable time.

that could give you more security and happiness in the future. Show more devotion to loved one. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Be more active in social activities and get more out of life. Accept invitations in-

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Make concrete plans

stead of turning them down. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be one who will quickly comprehend anything of a modern nature, so be sure to give as fine an education as you can afford for best results. Give religious and ethical training

early in life and success is assured. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

## THE Daily CrossWord by Audrey J. Koch

ACROSS Bind with 26 Icelandic narratives 29 End of a 51 Small room a rope 5 English

10 Hurt 14 He had an 36 Lady friend Irish Rose in Paris 37 Ship's 15 Range 16 Insult 38 Metallic 17 Betray 18 Camp cloth 39 Divert

34 Indiffer-

42 Long

the law

43 Cob or per

46 Deadlock

49 "You — to

be in pic

44 Sea animai

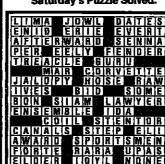
shelters 19 Texas city 20 Frost's — by Woods.

racetrack

22 Gratitude 24 Late actor Paul

25 Crowning

Saturday's Puzzle Solved:



23 Long walk 25 Skirt 53 Terrified bottoms chess game

56 Child's 26 Hacienda rooms 27' Separated 60 "High -28 Greek 61 English warship letter 63 Partly open 30 Visit per-

sistently 31 Together 64 Visitor to Siam 65 "— the 32 Strong Riveter" 33 Heron 86 Toodle-oo 35 Flight 67 Pipe joints deviation

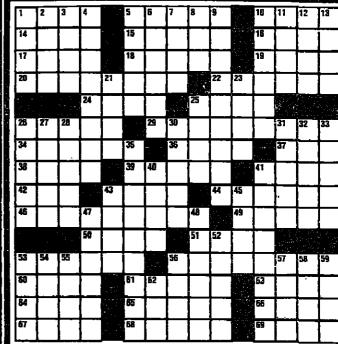
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## WORLD

Walesa's wife appeals for husband's freedom

## **NATO** nears sanctions against Soviets, Poland

 The Western alliance said today the situation in Poland has worsened in the last two weeks and moved closer to new diplomatic and economic measures against Poland and the Soviet Union.

North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) ambassadors and high-level representatives issued a statement saying they "deplored the absence of convincing signs that the repeated promises of a return to a policy of national renewal and genuine reforms. especially as far as civil liberties and trade union rights are concerned, are being carried out."

The statement added: "On the contrary, the Polish authorities supported by the Soviet Union continue to ignore the true aspirations of the overwhelming maj-

ority of the Polish people." The NATO representatives. who met in a special session for five hours, went on to say:

With the aim of exerting steand graduated pressure on se responsible for events in ind, allied representatives ind-( a range of steps their govnts have taken now and they are considering for entation in the immediate

tatement said "The allies

VADOR, Jan. 23 (A.P)

guerrillas observed the

iversary of an anti-

at peasant uprising with

of imminent combat to

sjes are approaching

ce like an earthquake."

rdaversary broadcast ves-

est the guerrilla's cla-

nte, a spokesman

o Marti National

dio Venceremos.

.ion F. at. claimed imp-

ing battles to overthrow

regime are "the price of peace and

"We are on our way toward the

creation of a project in which all

sectors and live forces of the cou-

ntry will participate to achieve a

The front, a coalition of five of

government of full participation,"

the country's six guerrilla groups.

is named after a leader of the 1932

peasant uprising against Dictator

Maximiliano Hernandez. Gov-

ernment troops crushed the reb-

ellion three days after it started.

About 30,000 people were killed

in the lighting and government reprisals that followed.

Despite rumours that the gue-

rrillas planned a major offensive

to mark the anniversary, aut-

liberty."

ke the country tremble

ruling U.S.-backed

agreed that the situation in Poland has worsened since the meeting of Jan. 11," of NATO's 15 foreign ministers, including U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig.

No new political or economic sanctions were announced after today's meeting. But a senior U.S. official said "quite a wide range of measures" was discussed and that announcements may soon be made in a number of NATO cap-

He said each country would have to decide on its own measures but that NATO would continue discussing coordinating sanctions at meetings in the next two

### Walesa's freedom demanded

Meanwhile in the Polish capital. the wife of Solidarity leader Lech Walesa has appealed to the courts to clarify her husband's status more than a month after he was

sequestered outside Warsaw, informed sources said. They also said martial law forces had fortified checkpoints around Warsaw.

The sources also reported that Stefan Bratkowski, chairman of the Polish Journalists' Association, demanded in an open letter that the authorities quickly open talks to solve "conflicts in our country," and that Mr. Walesa be allowed to participate.

The London Times correspondent in Warsaw, in a report published in the British capital. said Mr. Walesa's wife Danuta had appealed to the Gdansk regional prosecutor to set her husband free.

The report said Mrs. Walesa demanded to know on what charges her husband is being held. since he disappeared from public view when authorities imposed martial law Dec. 13 and suspended Solidarity, the first union free of Communist Party control in the Soviet Bloc.

strongly condemned Israel's pol-

## Nujoma, African leaders seek Namibia solution

LUSAKA, Jan. 23 (R) - Namibian leader Sam Nujoma and representatives from eight black African states met today in a fresh attempt to work out a formula for bringing independence to Namibia (South West Africa).

Today's meeting was aimed at drafting a reply to Western proposals on the complex constitutional issues involved in reaching a settlement.

Tanzanian Foreign Minister Salim Ahmad Salim, whose country is chairman of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) Front-Line States Committee, said all those at the two-day meeting recognised the importance of a Namibian solution.

He said independent African states always wanted to find a peaceful solution where one was possible. Five Western nations known as the "Contact Group" on Namibia have put forward proposals for independence for Namibia.

now ruled by South Africa in defiance of United Nations res-These Western proposals are being considered by Mr. Nuj-

oma's South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO). the six front line states--Angola. Botswana. Mozambique. Tanzania. Zambia and Zimbabwe--as well as oil-exporting Nigeria and Kenva, current chairman of the OAU.

The five Western states--Britain, the U.S., France, West Germany and Canada--submitted revised proposals last month to South Africa and to SWAPO and the front line states. South Africa has not yet indicated when it will respond to the

revised proposals. Western diplomats in Lusaka say the next stage in the negotiations cannot begin until agreement is reached on the constitutional issues. The Western Contact Group is expected to meet in Bonn on Monday and Tuesday to review progress so far, they

## Zia, Kraigher call for solutions for global crises

BELGRADE, Jan. 23 (Agencies) - Visiting Pakistan President Zia UI Haq and his Yugoslav host Sergej Kraigher have urged for the respect of independence of Afg-

hanistan and Kampuchea and very

horities said the central American

mount a full-scale uprising one

year ago, but that effort failed

when the public refused to support

Police and judicial officials said

11 bullet-riddled bodies were

found around the country bet-

ween Thursday and yesterday.

Murders are a daily feature in this

Central American nation where

an estimated 32,000 people have

died since the overthrow of Gen.

Carlos Humberto Romero's rig-

NEWPORT. Rhode Island, Jan

23 (R) — Socialite Claus von

Bulow, accused of trying to mur-

der his heiress wife with insulin

injections, has lost a fight to sup-

press key medical evidence from

Judge Thomas Needham ruled

that the jury should be told of

drugs found in Mr. von Bulow's

bedroom, of insulin found on a

hypodermic syringe and of blood

But he put off until next week

ruling on admissibility of the pro-

secution's two main exhibits -- the

syringe itself and a long statement

Mr. von Bulow made to police.

tests made on his wife Martha.

htist regime in Oct. 1979.

The guerrillas last attempted to

country was calm yesterday.

vadorean rebels warn

nore blood to be shed

icy in the Middle East, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug rep-In their toasts at a dinner here last night the two leaders also emphasised the role of non-

aligned countries in solving international problems. Mr. Kraigher, current president of Yugoslavia's collective state presidency, said that "numerous crises, created by foreign assaults on independence of countries: bloc rivalries and various conflicts. are particularly disturbing." He

for real disarmament and uni-Mr. Kraigher also emphasised the need for putting an immediate stop to the Iraqi-Iranian armed

also called for the end of the arms

race and for creating conditions

conflict and for a peaceful solution of the dispute. Mr. Kraigher reserved tougher words for the United States. In a

clear reference to Poland, Mr.

Kraigher called it "harmful and

Mr. von Bulow is accused of

twice injecting his wife, 49, with

insulin and putting her into a coma

in which she has remained for 13

months. His alleged motives: Her

fortune of up to \$50 million and

his affair with a mistress aged 35.

terday was obtained by Mr. von

Bulow's chief accusers, his wife's

German maid and his stepchildren

by his wife's first marriage to an

exclusive summer colony of the

American aristocracy but the first

two weeks of the trial, due to last

at least two months, have been

The case has scandalised this

Austrian prince.

The evidence in dispute yes-

dangerous" to inject bloc rivalries into any problem of international His comment echoed criticism

in the officially-inspired Yugoslav press of U.S. sanctions against the Soviet Union, which Washington charged with provoking the military crackdown in Poland last Both presidents called for a pol-

itical solution in Kampuchea, where a government installed by Vietnamese forces three years ago has failed to win significant international support. They also condemned the recent effective annexation of the

Golan Heights by Israel, supported Palestinian statehood, condemned South Africa and called for nuclear disarmament. In his reply, President Zia said

that the intervention of foreign troops in Afghanistan has compelled 2.5 million Afghans to seek refuge in Pakistan. Pakistan will further give humanitarian aid to the refugees, no matter how heavy

taken up with legal technicalities.

ringer sought to suppress the res-

ults of the blood, insulin and drug

tests because the original evidence

had been routinely destroyed.

crippling blow to his ability to def-

level of insulin, injected, the pro-

secution says, by Mr. von Bulow.

Having failed to suppress it, the

defence now argues the test was

made only after Mrs. von Bulow

had been given glucose in hospital.

He said the destruction was a

The blood test showed a high

Only the results remain.

end Mr. von Bulow.

Defence lawyer Herald Fah-

this burden may be, he said.

The two statesmen also drew attention to the necessity for starting global negotiations as soon as possible on building a new international economic order.

They also agreed on the need for still further strengthening of solidarity and action unity of non-aligned countries.

Yugoslavia and Pakistan hold identical or similar views on current international problems, Tanjug said. They have come particularly close together since Pakistan joined the Non-aligned Movement, Tanjug added.

## Third World demand boosts weapon race, U.S. report charges

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23 (R) -Third World countries are pushing the West and the Soviet Union to sell them their most advanced and costly weapons, a report said todav.

Former U.S. diplomat Andrew Pierre said the Third World now made 80 per cent of all foreign arms purchases and that poorer countries were no longer content to buy obsolete weapons.

There is no practicable way to end thse sales or even reduce them substantially, he added in his book The Global Politics of Arms Sales. But be urged the United States to press for international arrangements to make them less des-

Mr. Pierre wrote the study for the Council on Foreign Relations. a private U.S. organisation of which he is a member.

He said the Soviet Union could overtake the United States as the world's biggest arms vendor in the 1980s.

The study showed that arms sales rose from \$9 billion to \$20 billion a year during the 1970s and were an important element in relations between the big powers and the developing world.

A main conclusion was that far from the United States and the Soviet Union forcing arms no countries that cannot afford them. the sales responded to Third World demands.

Many of these customers wanted to buy the most modern weapons in Soviet and Western ars-

The Reagan administration's "overly permissive" attitude toward foreign arms sales has been one of its clearest breaks with former President Carter's foreign policies, Mr. Pierre said. The supply of F-16 jet fighters to Venezuela and Pakistan would make it difficult or impossible to convince others to buy less advanced F-X planes developed specifically for export to Third World nations.

Neighbours of those two countries were also likely to seek F-16s or similar aircraft. India is already buying French Mirage-2000s in response to the U.S.-Pakistani deal.

He said U.S. foreign military sales had increased from around \$1 billion in 1970 to \$16 billion in 1980. Soviet arms sales also rose sharply in the same period.

Mr. Pierre said that France, the third biggest arms exporter, was becoming too dependent on such

France had a vigorous export policy, despite President Francois Mitterrand's pre-election doubts about the morality of arms sales. "but trouble lies ahead," Mr. Pierre forecast.

Some sectors of the French arms industry were "dangerously over-dependent upon exports... a situation which is not yet widely known in France itself."

He said 40 per cent of all French arms production and 75 per cent of the output of the military aeronautics industry was sold abroad.

The Middle East alone accounts for more than half of all arms purchases from the rest of the world. Mr. Pierre reported.

These sales sometimes played a stabilising role, as in the case of weapons promised in return for Israeli and Egyptian flexibility on a peace settlement.

But he cautioned that any comprehensive Middle East peace could be rapidly undermined if there was a large infusion of U.S. or Soviet weapons to the region.

## Argentina scraps treaty with Chile

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - Argentina is renouncing its out of date peace treaty with neighbouring Chile and proposing that both nations halt arms purchases as they attempt to resolve a territorial dispute over three tiny islands at the southern tip of South

oglycemic (low blood sugar) to

whom insulin was poison. He con-

tends that her addiction to alcohol

and rich food seased the coma

because these create insulin in a

Mr. Fahringer alleged earlier

that changes had been made in

some of Mrs. von Bulow's hospital

records, with dates altered, del-

etions and insertions. He said it

might or might not be innocent.

missed another defence plea, to

exclude press and public from the

three-day suppression hearings of

Judge Needham earlier dis-

hypoglycemic.

Mr. von Bulow is alleged to the trial, which is being televised.

The government informed Chilean Ambassador Onofre Jarpa

Defence fails to suppress evidence in Newport trial

Reyes yesterday that it was renouncing the 10-year-old treaty. which obliged both countries to submit the territorial dispute to the International Court of Justice in the Hague, Netherlands.

A foreign ministry statement said Argentina hoped Pope John Paul II would continue his efforts at mediation until a new peace agreement can be adopted.

"Argentina already has proposed another treaty that will permit both parties to reach agreement with true conviction, without feeling compelled by documents that are out of date." Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Mendez told a news conference.

He did not reveal details of the proposed treaty.

Mr. Mendez said Argentina's military government considered the 1972 treaty useless.

## Thai choppers join opium war

BANKOK, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - Air strikes by Thai helicopter gunships and light bombers turned the tide of a 36-hour battle for the northern mountain stronghold of opium warlord Khun Sa, forcing most of his several hundred troops to flee to nearby Burma. Thai border police said today.

Skirmishes continued near the border in Chiang Rai Province as several hundred Thai border police advanced from the captured village stronghold of Baan Hin Tack in the face of sniper fire from a rearguard of Khun Sa's drug gang known as the Shan United Army, authorities said.

A senior Thai officer said 1.000 more Shan United troops from eastern Burma were on the way to reinforce Khun Sa, who was reported to be in the Burmese village of Baan Phya Law.

Thai forces lost at least 13 men in the fighting and 35 wounded so far. Police said they have counted 10 dead from the opium army. Khun Sa. alias Chang Shi Fu,

has been able to equip between 2.500 and 4.000 troops from his multimillion dollar opium trade, and controls a 280-kilometre stretch of the Thai-Burmese bor-

His enclave is adjacent to the notorious "Golden Triangle" -where the borders of Thailand, Burma and Laos meet -- one of the world's largest sources of opium, from which heroin is ref-

The battle for Baan Hin Tack began Thursday when Thai border police attacked the village, and occupied it after 24 hours. But the Shan United troops fought back from the hills and threatening the Thai occupying forces until airpower turned the tide, according to various reports. Another 100 border police

were brought in from the neighbouring province of Chiang Mai today to reinforce the men in the occupied stronghold, police said. The area is a maze of hills and

jungle, and Khun Sa's forces have the advantage of knowing it well, said police.

Thai authorities have offered a reward equal to 500,000 baht (\$22,000) for the caputre of Khun Sa who claims to be opposing Burmese government repression" in eastern Burma. However, officials claim he is nothing more than a drug dealer.

## Prince Philip cleared of blame for near-miss over British skies

LONDON, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - A royal plane piloted by Prince Philip. husband of Queen Elizabeth II, was flying 182 metres too low when it crossed the path of a British Airways jumbo jet last November, media reports citing an official inquiry said today.

Both Buckingham Palace and Britain's Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) declined comment on the reports of an inquiry by the authority. The reports said the inquiry cleared the prince of any blame because a Royal Air Force pilot on board was in overall command of the aircraft. The incident occurred Nov. 27

as a Miami-bound Boeing 747, with 200 passengers on board, climbed from London's Heathrow Airport. Prince Philip, at the controls of a twin-engined turbo-prop Andover of the Queen's flight, was approaching Gatwick, the capital's other major airport, on a flight from Manchester.

Buckingham Palace confirmed at the time that Prince Philip, 60, was at the controls and a British Airways spokesman said the pilot of the Boeing filed a near-miss report after seeing a "black silhouette" in front of him. Press reports said the two planes were "only seconds" from colliding before the Boeing was ordered to change course.

Independent radio news said Prince Philip allowed his aircraft to descend 182 metres lower than the height it had been cleared for and he passed just 2.5 kilometres in front of the airliner.

The Daily Express said that the CAA, which investigates all reports of near-misses, had completed its inquiry into the incident and exonerated Prince Philip.

"This is because he was not the commander of the Royal Andover even though he was at the controls," the newspaper said.

N. Koreans, Chinese invited to observe U.S.-S. Korean war games

PANMUNJOM, Korea, Jan. 23 (Agencies) — The U.S. led United Nations Command (UNC) today invited North Korean and Chinese rep. resentatives of the military armistice commission to oberve a major U.S.-South Kor. ean military exercise starting next month.

North Korea has not yet responded to the invitation, U.S. Rear-Adm. James Storms, chief UNC delegate to the commission, said the proposal was aimed at clearing any doubt or misunderstanding as to the purpose of the exercise. Team Spirit 82, which runs from Feb. 13 to April 26,

The five northern and Chinese commission members should be accompanied to the south by the four principal Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission (NNSC) members, Adm. Storms told his North Korean opposite number, Maj. Gen. Han Ju-kyong at an armistice commission meeting in this border truce vil-

### Rome police arrest explosive suspects

ROME, Jan. 23 (R) - Rome police said today they had arrested a Syrian man and a West German woman accused of possessing 12 electric detonators and three false passports.

Police said the two were anested at Rome's Fiumicino Airport on Jan. 5 when they arrived on a flight from Belgrade but the arrests were only announced today because u continuing inquiries.

Police sources said that during interrogation the man said the detonators and the lake passports had been given w him by friends who he said belonged to the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine led by George Habash.

The two were named a Nasry Al Tamiy and Brighte Pagendam, 25, from Hamburg. Customs police said they found the detonators hidden in cigarette packets in a bag carried by the Syrian.

### Shahi returns home to prepare for Delhi

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 23 (A.P.) -- Foreign Minister Agha Shahi left the official party headed by President Zia Ul-Haq in Europe to return to Pakistan today to prepare for next week's talks with India. Mr. Shahi arrived in the southern port city of Karachi this morning from Bucharest Romania, and was to fly on to the capital later. The foreign minister is scheduled to depart for New Delhi on Friday for talks with his Indian counterpart. P.V.N. Rao, on a proposed "no war" pact.

### Zambia moves to block dwindling of elephants

LUSAKA, Jan. 23 (R) - Zambia has banned the issue of elephant hunting licences for five years to help save the nation's heavily poached herds. the Zambian press reported today.

A spokesman for Secretary of State for Defence and Security Grey Zulu, who announced the ban yesterday also told reporters more measures would be announced soon by Lands and Natural Resources Minister Clement Mwananshiku,

According to experts, one of the country's main elephant centres at Luangwa National Park in eastern Zambia has been reduced in population from 100,000 to 50,000 by poachers in the past decade.

### Ankara lifts two more provincial curfews

ANKARA, Jan. 23 (R) -Turkish military authorities have lifted the overnight curfew in two more provinces, bringing to 20 the number of provinces where the measure has now been rescinded. The curfew remains in force in the country's 47 other provinces.

Martial law authorities said last night the I a.m. to 3.30 a.m. curfew in the southwestern provinces of Burdun and Isparta would be lifted "due to peoples' acting in acc ordance with the law."

## **WORLD NEWS BRIEFS**

Iranian Baha'is await Pakistan citizenship

KARACHI, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - About 800 Iranians of the Baha'i minority community, who crossed over to Pakistan during the past two years, are still stateless although they have applied for Pakistum extraonship. The chief of the Baha'i community in Pakistan, Ancesur Rahman Dehlavi, said here today, Pakistani authorities were favourably inclined towards the Baha'i community and had instructed police officials not to bother the Iranian Baha'is, who possess no passports or legal documents of their country. "They have been given immunity till the end of this year." he said. Mr. Dehlavi said there were 15,000 Baha'is in Pakistan, the majority of whom are of Iranian origin and had settled down in Pakistan engaged in private business and trade. Mr. Dehlavi said that because of unfavourable conditions for the Baha'is in Iran, a large number of Baha'is have left Iran to other countries -- wherever they can find protection.

### Ex-Afghan minister on hunger strike

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - A former Alghan deputy justice minister said today that he will continue his two-day-old hunger strike outside the Afghan embassy here although a senior embassy official promised to help re-unite his family. Samiuddin Zhouand, who defected to India last March, said he began his "indefinite" protest yesterday because earlier attempts to get his wife and seven children out of Kabul had failed. He declined to identify the official who spoke with him this morning and reportedly offered to intervene on his behalf. Asked how long he would continue his hunger strike. Mr. Zhouand said "I will fast as long as Bobby Sands did." Mr. Sands, an Irish Republican Army activist, died after fasting for 66 days in prison in Northern Ire-

## Liberian ship tied up at Castle Island

BOSTON, Jan. 23 (A.P.) - A disabled Liberian freighter that began taking on water after it left Boston Harbour was tied up today at Castle Island while crew members pumped water from its cargo holds. "We do know that we have not located a leak yet." said Richard Rice, a U.S. Coast Guard spokesman. He said the captain and crew had not requested any help. The ship returned to Boston harbour vesterday to bring a feverish, 17-month-old baby ashore for hospital care, according to Coast Guard reports. The infant reportedly was taken to children's hospital by a representative of the Pakistani consulate in Boston.

# Renewed Ghana-Libya relations stir up unrest in West Africa

By Loic Even

Reuter ACCRA - One of the first official acts by Flt. Lt. Jerry Rawlings after he again seized power in Ghana last month was to invite

back the Libyans. Their return to favour in the West African state followed a 13-month break in relations during the civilian presidency of Hilla

Flt. Lt. Rawlings, whose New Year's Eve coup was his second in less than three years, appears to have adopted some of the rhetoric of Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi this time round. He has proclaimed a holy war

on corruption, set up people's revolutionary committees in towns and villages, turned the military into the people's army, navy and air force and created people's tribunals. Sources close to the 34-year-old

Ghanaian leader said Col. Qadhaft's Green Book, outlining a political theory opposed to both capitalism and communism, was among the flight-lieutenant's reading matter during his two years in the political wilderness.

He visited Libya at least once in that time, shortly after a trip to Cuba, and met Col. Qadhafi.

But at a time when Flt. Lt. Rawlings was being quoted as saying Libva was a "revolutionary Limann, was preparing to cut ties with Tripoli.

1980 when Ghana and other influential states in the region, including Nigeria, decided to cut off relations with Libya because of Col. Qadhafi's alleged support for subversive activity against African

Since the coup, however, Libyan diplomats have arrived to reclaim their tree-lined embassy compound. The large party that flew in a

week ago abroad a special Libyan United African Airlines plane to restore relations assured the new-Ghanaian leadership Libya was prepared to help in every field. While Ghana needs all the economic help it can get, the pos-

sibility of its aligning itself with

Libya is already alarming Ghana's neighbours. Liberian leader Samuel K. Doe. who came to power in a bloody coup 21 months ago, has recalled his envoy from Accra in protest against Ghana's restoration of ties

with Libya. Western sources here said U.S. aid worth \$100 million a year was helping keep former Master-Sgt. Doe's country afloat.

African diplomats said other West African leaders were concerned, not only about the restoration of links with Col. Oadhafi, but also with the new goverament's suspension of the constitution, the sacking of Dr. Limdream" his elected successor. Dr. ann and his parliament and a ban on political parties.

Nigerian President Shehu Sha-The break came in November gari has so far made no public comment on the Ghanaian coup. But the diplomats said he was angered by what was considered a blow to African democracy.

: When Fit. Lt. Rawlings took power for four months in 1979 and ordered the execution of three former presidents, Nigeria, then under the leadership of Gen. Olusegun Obasanjo, reacted by cutting off oil supplies to Ghana.

The diplomatic sources said that this time Nigeria had decided to impose an indirect oil boycott by insisting on immediate payment for deliveries. They said Ghana owed Nigeria

\$112 million on past oil deliveries

plus an estimated \$30 million for shipments at the time of the coup. A tanker on its way from Nigeria to Ghana was recalled soon after the coup was announced. Diplomats here said they believed the new leadership foresaw

coup and had won some guarantee' of oil supplies from the Libyans. Ghana spends an annual \$300 million on oil -- or about 40 per cent of its declining export income from cocoa, timber and gold. There are indications here that

adverse Nigerian reaction to the

the new military administration. while under the unquestionable leadership of Flt. Lt. Rawlings, may be divided on how to tackle Ghana's chronic economic problems. The military's seven-man Pro-

visional National Defence Council (PNDC) has so far failed to outline a clear economic policy.